

GUIDE

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# Quest Data Intelligence

Reference Data Management Guide  
16.0



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## Reference Data and Codeset Manager

This section walks you through reference data and codeset management.

- Reference data management is done via Reference Data Manager. It involves creating database like structures to maintain all your reference data. You can add reference data in a reference table from a spreadsheet, manually or via a DB scan. To validate reference tables for data quality tests, you can use SQL queries. You can also version, publish (to environments like production, development, test etc.), and link the reference tables to relevant mappings.

For further information on accessing and using the Reference Data Manager, refer to the [Reference Data Manager](#) topic.

- Codeset management is done via Codeset Manager. It involves creating, managing, and mapping codesets in the Codeset Manager. It has two sections:
  - **Enterprise Codesets:** Under the Enterprise Codesets section, you can create and manage codesets. It involves importing legacy codesets, categorizing codesets, defining code values, versioning codesets, and publishing codesets to various environments.
  - **Codeset Mappings:** Under the Codeset Mappings section, you can create and manage code crosswalks (mappings). It involves categorizing code mappings, defining code crosswalks, versioning code crosswalks, and publishing code crosswalks to various environments.

For further information on accessing and using the Codeset Manager, refer to the [Codeset Manager](#) topic.

## Reference Data Manager

To access the Reference Data Manager, go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Reference Data Manager**. The Reference Data Manager dashboard appears:

The screenshot shows the Reference Data Manager interface with four numbered sections:

- 1-Workspace:** A sidebar menu on the left containing items like Reference Datasets, Audit History, Validation Rules (highlighted), Environments, Reference Folders, EDW, EON, Erwin, Erwin\_Sales, NASDAQ HEALTHCARE, and New\_Folder.
- 2-Validation Rule Grid:** A table listing validation rules. The table has columns: #, Validation Name, Validation Description, Created By, Created Date, Modified By, Modified Date, Validation Rule, Edit, and Delete. It contains four rows of data.
- 3-Additional Table Information:** A section at the bottom right, currently empty.
- 4-Published Tables:** A section at the bottom left, currently empty.

UI Section	Function
1-Workspace	Use this pane to browse and work on validation rules, environments, reference folders, and reference tables.
2-Right Pane	Use this pane to work on the data based on your selection in the Workspace pane.
3-Additional Table Information	Use this pane to view or work on additional information of a reference table selected in the Workspace pane.
4-Published Tables	Use this pane to browse, view, and export published reference tables.

Managing reference data involves the following:

- [Creating reference folders](#)
- [Creating reference tables](#)
- [Creating publish environments](#)
- [Adding validation rules](#)
- [Associating codesets with reference tables](#)
- [Versioning reference tables](#)



## Reference Data Manager

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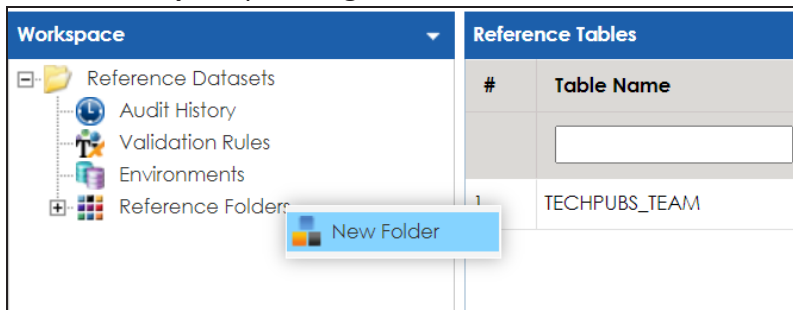
- [Publishing reference tables](#)
- [Associating reference tables with mappings](#)

# Creating Reference Folders

Reference folders group reference tables based on your data integration project. Therefore, before creating reference tables, you need to create a reference folder. You can also create sub-folders to group reference tables further.

To create reference folders, follow these steps:

1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Reference Data Manager**.
2. In the **Workspace** pane, right-click the **Reference Folders** node.



3. Click **New Folder**.

The New Folder page appears.

The 'New Folder' dialog box is shown. It has a title bar 'New Folder' with standard window controls. Below the title bar are two input fields: 'Folder Name\*' with a text input box, and 'Folder Description:' with a larger text area. There are also icons for saving and canceling.

4. Enter the **Folder Name** and **Folder Description**.

For example:

- **Folder Name:** City Names
- **Folder Description:** This folder contains reference tables for city names.

## Creating Reference Folders

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5. Click .

The folder is created and saved in the Reference Folders tree.

Once a reference folder is created, you can manage it using the options available on right-clicking the reference folder. [Managing reference folders](#) involves:

- Creating sub-folders
- Editing reference folders
- Assigning users
- Deleting reference folders

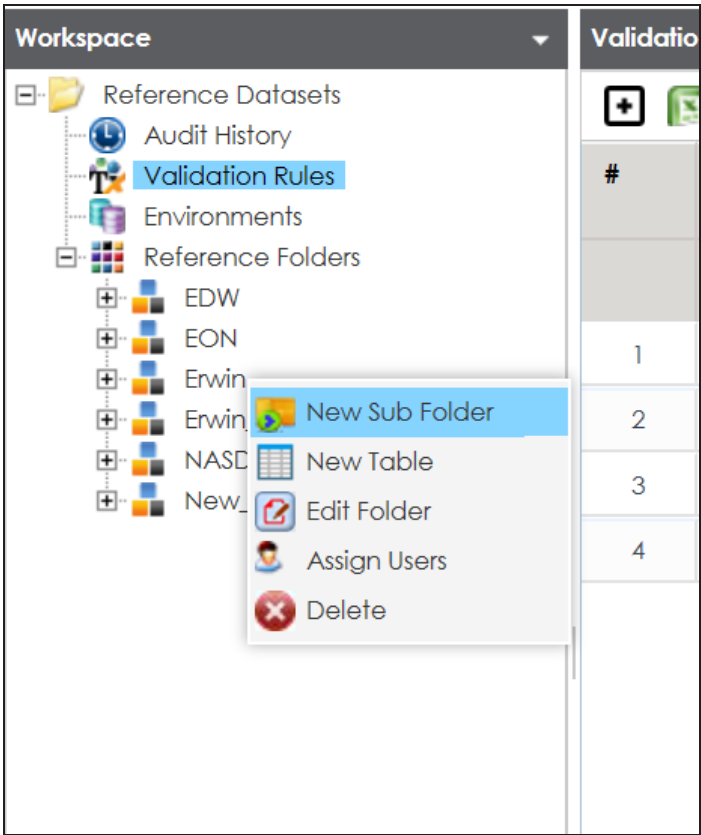
# Managing Reference Folders

Managing reference folders involves:

- Creating sub-folders
- Editing reference folders
- Assigning users
- Deleting reference folders

To manage reference folders, follow these steps:

1. In the **Workspace** pane, right-click a reference folder.



2. Use the following options:

**New Sub Folder**

## Managing Reference Folders

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Use this option to create sub-folders and group reference tables further.

### Edit Folder

Use this option to update reference folder's name and description.

### Assign Users

Use this option to assign users to a reference folder based on project, departments, functions, and so on. On the Assign Users page, select user IDs under

**User ID** list-box and move them to **Assigned Users** list-box using the arrows ( or ). Similarly, to change existing user assignment, select user IDs under **Assigned Users** list-box and move them back to **User ID** list-box using the arrows ( or .

### Delete

Use this option to delete a reference folder that is no more required.

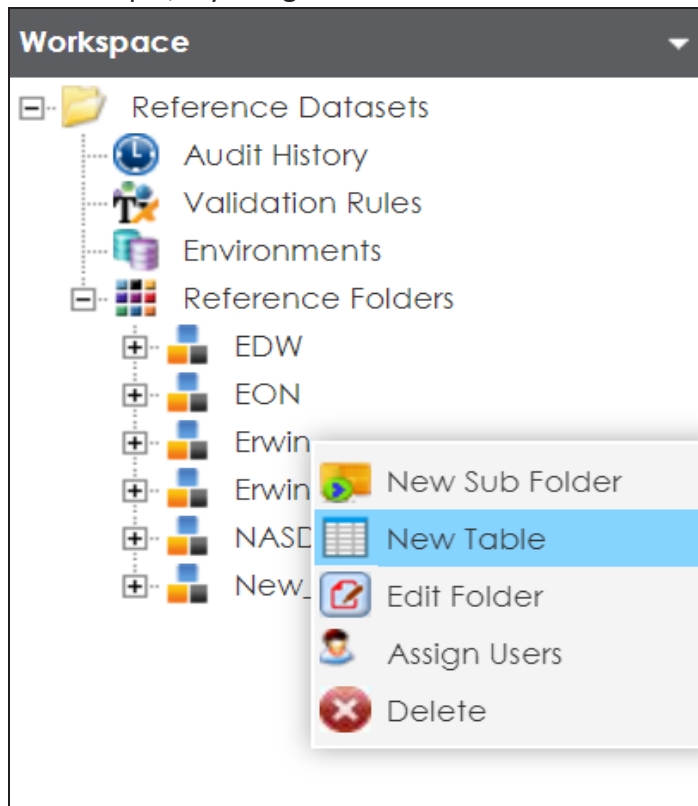
# Creating Reference Tables

Reference tables store reference data. You can create reference tables in new or existing reference folders. You can also create reference tables under the reference sub-folders.

To create reference tables, follow these steps:

1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Reference Data Manager**.
2. In the **Workspace** pane, right-click a reference folder or sub-folder.

For example, if you right-click a reference folder the following options appear.



3. Click **New Table**.

The New Reference Table page appears.



## Creating Reference Tables

**New Reference Table**

Save Cancel

Folder Name : Erwin

Table Name\* :

Version : 1.00

Owner\* :

Data Steward : -Select Data Steward-

Description :

Import Data from Spreadsheet ☐

Column Name	Order
-------------	-------

4. Enter appropriate values in the fields. Fields marked with a red asterisk are mandatory. Refer to the following table for field descriptions.

Field Name	Description
Folder Name	Specifies the name of the reference folder. For example, NASDAQ Healthcare. It is autopopulated and cannot be edited.
Table Name	Specifies the name of the reference table. For example, Data_Classifications_Levels.
Version	Specifies the version of the reference table. For example, 1.00. It is autopopulated and cannot be edited.
Owner	Specifies the reference table owner's name. For example, Talon Smith.

## Creating Reference Tables

Field Name	Description
Data Steward	<p>Specifies the name of the data steward responsible for the reference table.</p> <p>For example, Jane Doe.</p> <p>Users assigned with the Legacy Data Steward role appear as drop down options. You can assign this role to a user in the Resource Manager.</p> <p>To assign data steward, select a data steward from the drop down options.</p>
Description	<p>Specifies the description about the reference table.</p> <p>For example: This reference table serves as domain for the data classification column.</p>
Import Data from Spreadsheet	<p>Use this check box to import reference data into the reference table from the XLSX file. For more information, refer to the <a href="#">Importing Data from Spreadsheets</a> section below.</p>

5. Click .

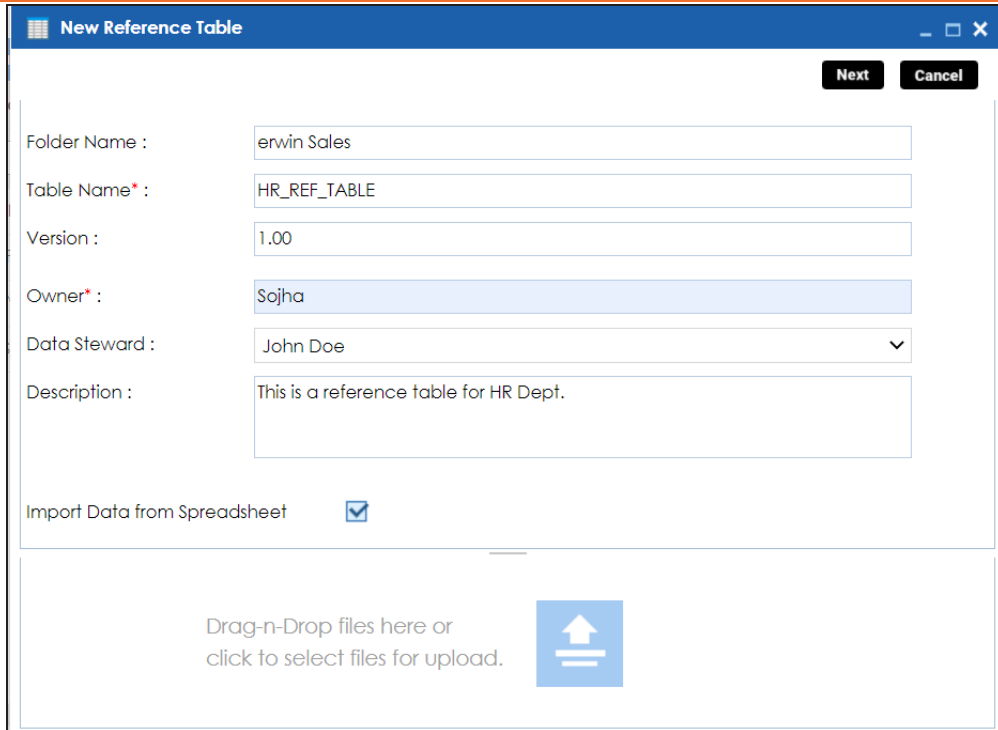
A reference table is created and saved in the Reference Tables tree.

## Importing Data from Spreadsheets

To import reference data from MS Excel files, follow these steps:


1. On the **New Reference Table** page, click the **Import Data from Spreadsheet** check box.

## Creating Reference Tables

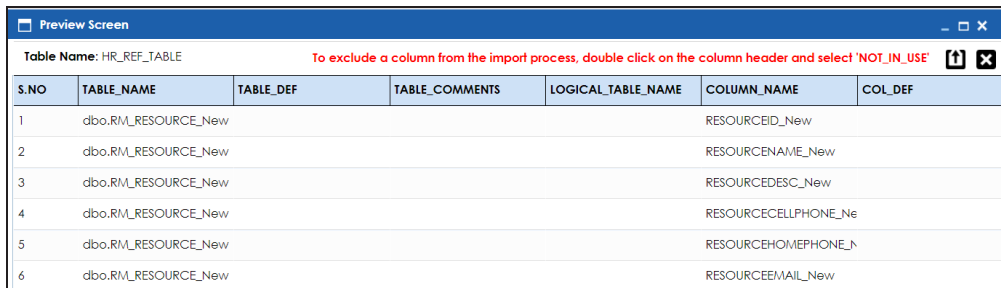


The 'New Reference Table' dialog box contains the following fields and controls:

- Folder Name :** erwin Sales
- Table Name\* :** HR\_REF\_TABLE
- Version :** 1.00
- Owner\* :** Sojha
- Data Steward :** John Doe (dropdown menu)
- Description :** This is a reference table for HR Dept.
- Import Data from Spreadsheet :** ☒
- Drag-n-Drop area:** Drag-n-Drop files here or click to select files for upload. (with an upload icon)
- Buttons:** Next, Cancel

2. Drag and drop or use  to browse and select the XLSX file.
3. Click **Next**.

The Preview Screen page appears. To exclude a column from the import process, double-click the column header and click **NOT\_IN\_USE**.



The 'Preview Screen' dialog box displays the table name 'HR\_REF\_TABLE' and a red instruction: 'To exclude a column from the import process, double click on the column header and select 'NOT\_IN\_USE''. Below is a table with 7 columns: S.NO, TABLE\_NAME, TABLE\_DEF, TABLE\_COMMENTS, LOGICAL\_TABLE\_NAME, COLUMN\_NAME, and COL\_DEF.

S.NO	TABLE_NAME	TABLE_DEF	TABLE_COMMENTS	LOGICAL_TABLE_NAME	COLUMN_NAME	COL_DEF
1	dbo.RM_RESOURCE_New				RESOURCEID_New	
2	dbo.RM_RESOURCE_New				RESOURCENAME_New	
3	dbo.RM_RESOURCE_New				RESOURCEDESC_New	
4	dbo.RM_RESOURCE_New				RESOURCECELLPHONE_Ne	
5	dbo.RM_RESOURCE_New				RESOURCEHOMEPHONE_N	
6	dbo.RM_RESOURCE_New				RESOURCEEMAIL_New	

4. Click .

The reference data is imported into the reference table.

If you do not click the Import Data from Spreadsheet check box, you need to [add columns](#) to the reference table and then add column values:

## Creating Reference Tables

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- [Manually](#)
- [From MS Excel files](#)
- [Through DB scans](#)

You can manage a reference table using the options available on right-clicking the reference table. [Managing reference tables](#) involves:

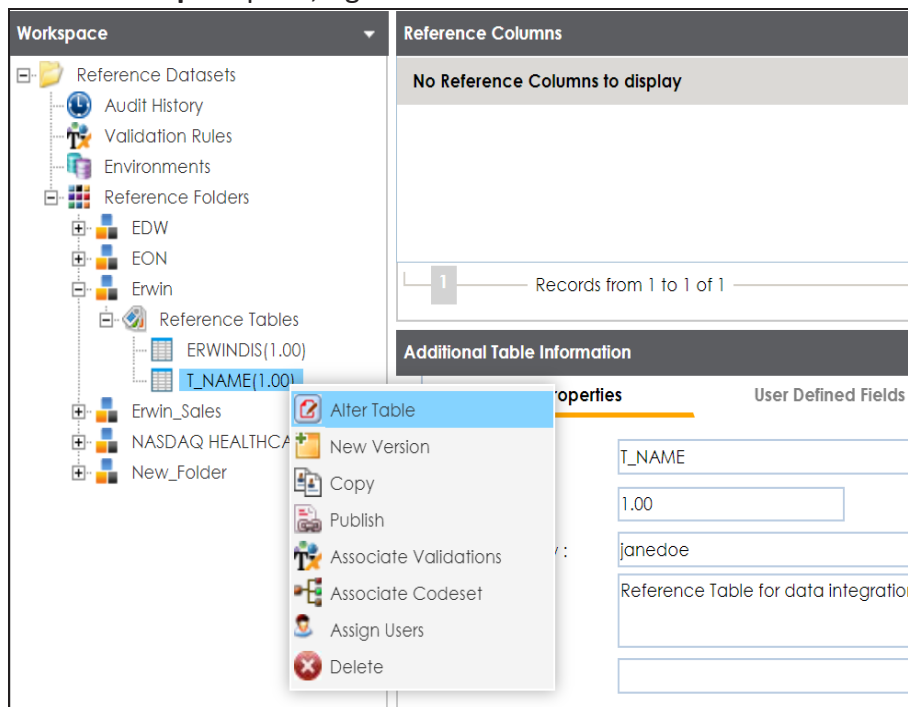
- Altering reference tables
- Copying reference tables
- Assigning users to reference tables
- Deleting reference tables

# Adding Columns to Reference Tables

After creating a reference table, you can add columns to the reference table.

To add columns to reference tables, follow these steps:

1. In the **Workspace** pane, right-click a reference table.



2. Click **Alter Table**.

The Alter Table page appears.

## Adding Columns to Reference Tables

Alter Table

Folder Name : Erwin

Table Name\* : T\_NAME

Version : 1.00

Owner\* : Samuel

Data Steward : janedoe

Description : Reference Table for data integration project.

Created By : Administrator Created Date : 2019-12-23 17:13:09.15

Modified By : Modified Date :

Column Name	Order	Created By	Created Date	Modified By	Modified Date

3. Click .

A new row is added to the grid.

4. Double-click the cell under the **Column Name** and enter the column name.

You can add multiple columns.



# Adding Columns to Reference Tables

Alter Table

Folder Name :Erwin

Table Name\*:T\_NAME

Version :1.00

Owner\*:Samuel

Data Steward :janedoe

Description :Reference Table for data integration project.

Created By :AdministratorCreated Date :2019-12-23 17:13:09.15

Modified By :Modified Date :

Column Name	Order	Created By	Created Date	Modified By	Modified Date
ID	1				
Nam					

5. Click .

The columns are added to the reference table.

Workspace

Reference Datasets

Audit History

Validation Rules

Environments

Reference Folders

EDW

EON

Erwin

Reference Tables

ERWINDIS[1.00]

T\_NAME[1.00]

Erwin\_Sales

NASDAQ HEALTHCARE

Reference Columns

ID	NAME	CREATED BY	CREATED DATE

No Records Found

Once columns are added to a reference table, you can import column values:

- [Manually](#)
- [From MS Excel files](#)
- [Through DB scans](#)

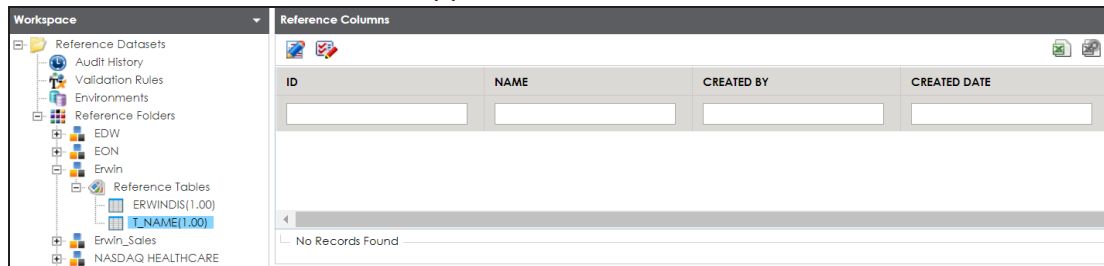
# Adding Column Values Manually

You can add data to a reference table manually. It involves adding columns to the reference table and then adding column values. For more information on adding columns to reference tables, refer to the [Adding Columns to Reference Tables](#) topic.

To add column values manually, follow these steps:

1. In the **Workspace** pane, click a reference table.

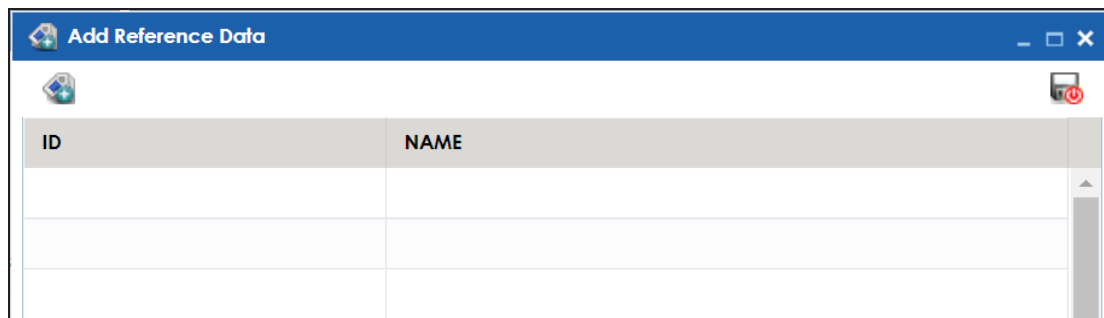
Columns in the reference table appears.



2. Click .

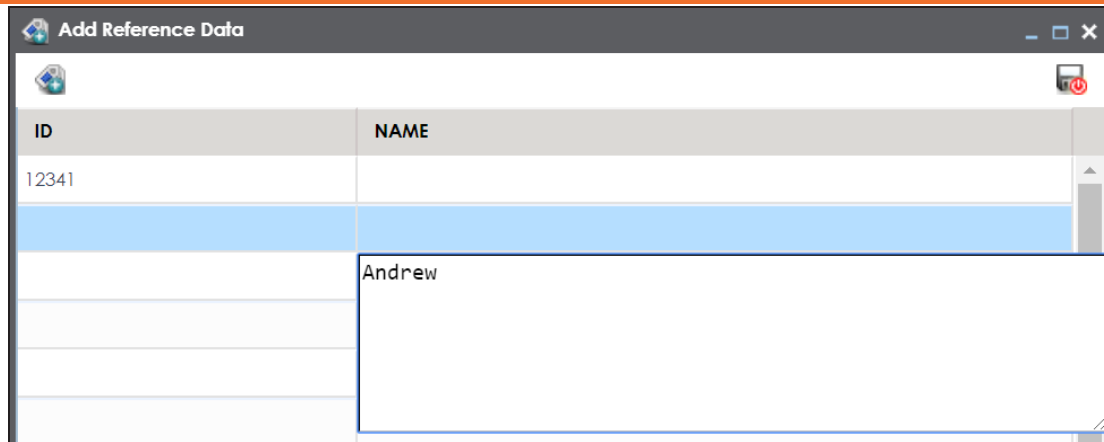
3. Click .

The Add Reference Data page appears.



4. Double-click the cells under the columns and type the respective column values.

## Adding Column Values Manually



ID	NAME
12341	
	Andrew

5. Click .

The column values are added to the reference table.

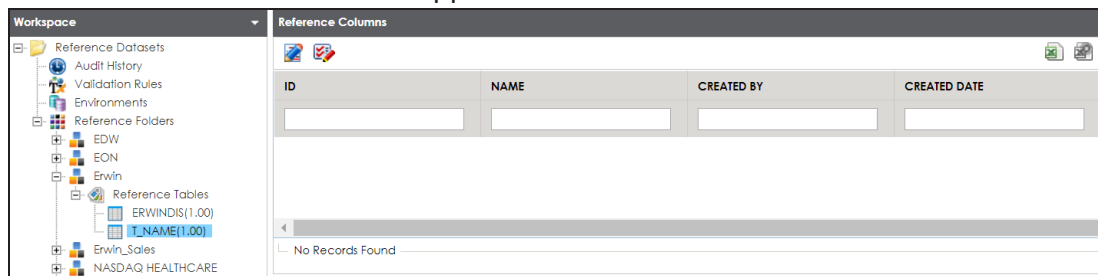
# Importing Column Values from MS Excel Files

You can import reference data from MS Excel files into reference tables. First, you need to add columns to a reference table and then import column values from an MS Excel file. For more information on adding columns to reference tables, refer to the [Adding Columns to Reference Tables](#) topic.

To import column values from MS Excel files, follow these steps:

1. In the **Workspace** pane, click a reference table.

Columns in the reference table appear.



2. Click .

3. Click .

The Import Table Data page appears.



4. Click **Choose File** and browse and select the XLSX file.

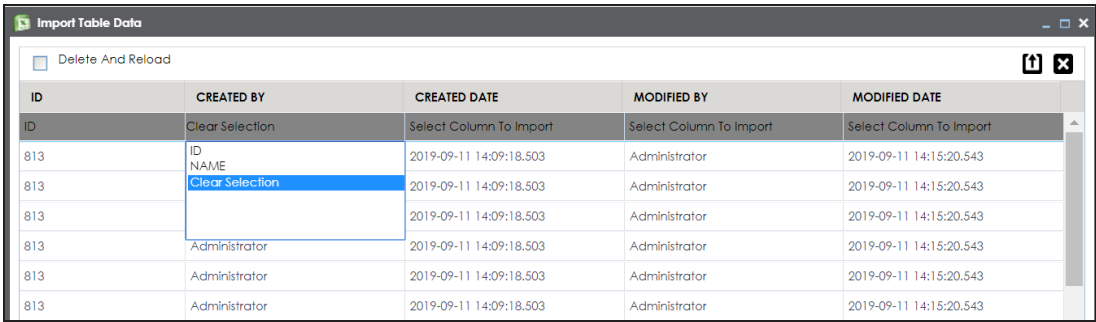
5. Click .

The Import Table Data page appears.

6. Double-click the **Select Column to Import** cell of the required column.

## Importing Column Values from MS Excel Files

Column names added by you in the previous steps appear as options.



ID	CREATED BY	CREATED DATE	MODIFIED BY	MODIFIED DATE
ID	Clear Selection	Select Column To Import	Select Column To Import	Select Column To Import
813	ID	2019-09-11 14:09:18.503	Administrator	2019-09-11 14:15:20.543
813	NAME	2019-09-11 14:09:18.503	Administrator	2019-09-11 14:15:20.543
813	Clear Selection	2019-09-11 14:09:18.503	Administrator	2019-09-11 14:15:20.543
813	Administrator	2019-09-11 14:09:18.503	Administrator	2019-09-11 14:15:20.543
813	Administrator	2019-09-11 14:09:18.503	Administrator	2019-09-11 14:15:20.543
813	Administrator	2019-09-11 14:09:18.503	Administrator	2019-09-11 14:15:20.543

7. Select the appropriate <Column\_Name>.

You can select multiple columns.

8. Click .

The column values are imported from the XLSX file.

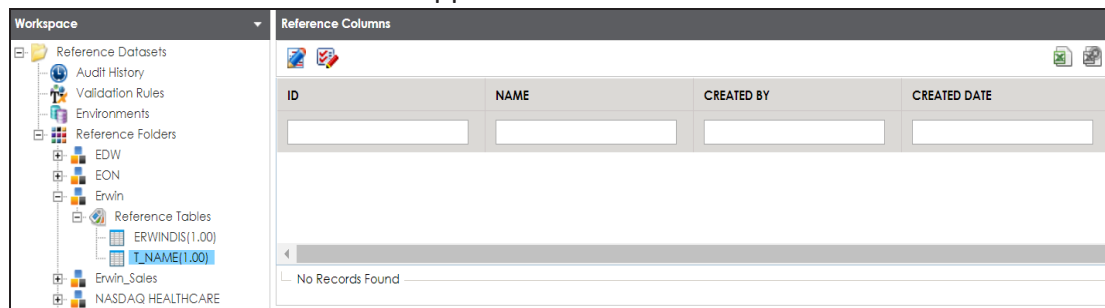
# Importing Column Values Through DB Scans



You can import reference data from a database to a reference table by connecting the database to the application. It involves adding columns to reference table and then importing column values from the database. For more information on adding columns to reference tables, refer to the [Adding Columns to Reference Tables](#) topic.

To import column values from databases, follow these steps:

1. In the **Workspace** pane, click a reference table.

Columns in the reference table appear.



2. Click .
3. Click .

The DB Scan page appears.



## Importing Column Values Through DB Scans

DB Scan

Delete And Reload

Query Panel

Quick Connection

\* Mandatory Fields

DBType: \* Select DB Type

Driver Name:

IP Address/Host Name: \*

Port: \*

Database Name: \*

User Name: \*

Password: \*

TEST

Preview


Note\*: Only top 50 rows will be displayed in grid.

4. Enter appropriate values in the fields on the **Quick Connection** tab to establish a connection with a database. Fields marked with a red asterisk are mandatory. Refer to the following table for field descriptions.

Field Name	Description
DB Type	Specifies the database type. For example, Sql Server.
Driver Name	Specifies the JDBC driver name for connecting to the database. For example, com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQLServerDriver The field is autopopulated based on the DB Type.
IP Address/Host Name	Specifies the IP address or server host name of the database. For example, localhost.
Port	Specifies the port to connect with the database. For example: 1433 is the default port for a Sql Server database type.
Database Name	Specifies the database name being used to connect to the reference table. For example, ErwinDIS931.

## Importing Column Values Through DB Scans

Field Name	Description
User Name	Specifies the user name to connect with the database. For example, sa.
Password	Specifies the password to connect with the database. For example, goerwin@1.

5. Click  to test the connection.

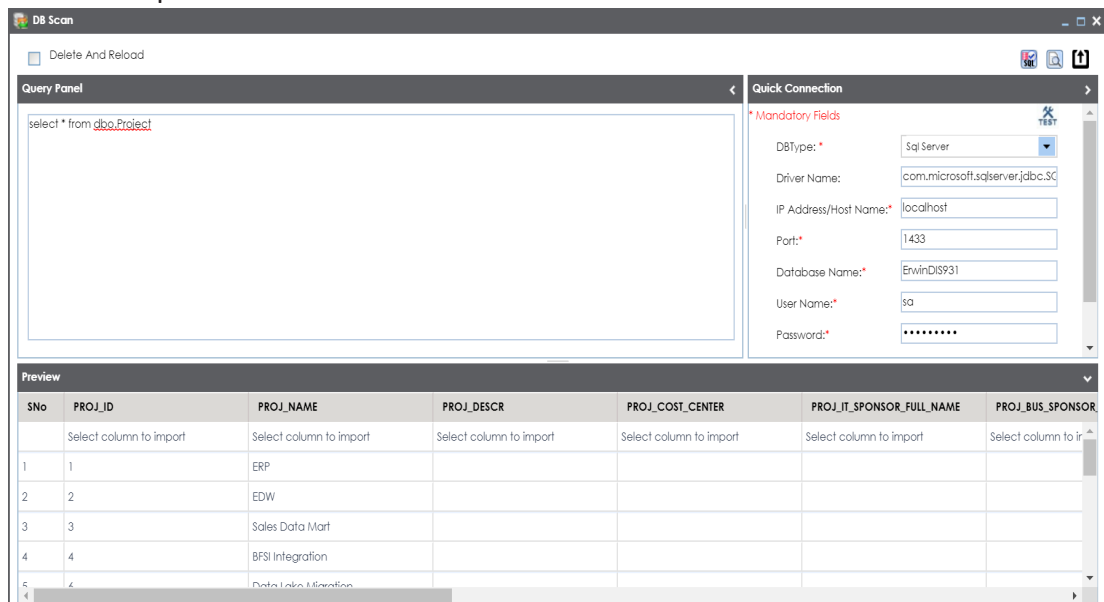
If the connection is established, the success message appears.

6. Write a query in the **Query Panel** to pull the data from the database.

7. Click  to validate the query.

8. Click  to preview the data.

The data is previewed.



The screenshot shows the DB Scan application interface. It includes a 'Query Panel' with a text area containing the query 'select \* from dbo.Project'. To the right is the 'Quick Connection' panel with fields for DBType (Sql Server), Driver Name (com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQL), IP Address/Host Name (localhost), Port (1433), Database Name (ErwinDIS931), User Name (sa), and Password (masked). Below these panels is a 'Preview' section displaying a table with 7 columns: SNo, PROJ\_ID, PROJ\_NAME, PROJ\_DESCR, PROJ\_COST\_CENTER, PROJ\_IT\_SPONSOR\_FULL\_NAME, and PROJ\_BUS\_SPONSOR. The table contains 6 rows of data, with the first row showing 'Select column to import' for all columns except SNo.

SNo	PROJ_ID	PROJ_NAME	PROJ_DESCR	PROJ_COST_CENTER	PROJ_IT_SPONSOR_FULL_NAME	PROJ_BUS_SPONSOR
	Select column to import	Select column to import	Select column to import	Select column to import	Select column to import	Select column to import
1	1	ERP				
2	2	EDW				
3	3	Sales Data Mart				
4	4	BFSI Integration				
5	6	Data Lake Migration				

9. Double-click the **Select Column to Import** cell under the required column.

A drop-down option appears displaying the reference columns.

## Importing Column Values Through DB Scans

Preview						
SNo	PROJ_ID	PROJ_NAME	PROJ_DESCR	PROJ_COST_CENTER	PROJ_IT_SPONSOR_FULL_NAME	PROJ_BUS_SPONSOR
	ID	Select column to import	Select column to import	Select column to import	Select column to import	Select column to import
1	1	ID				
		NAME				
2	2	Clear selection				
		Select column to import				
3	3					
4	4	BFSI Integration				
5	5	Data Lake Migration				

10. Choose an appropriate <Reference\_Column\_Name> from the drop-down.

You can import multiple columns from the database.

11. Click .

The column values from the database are imported into the selected reference columns.

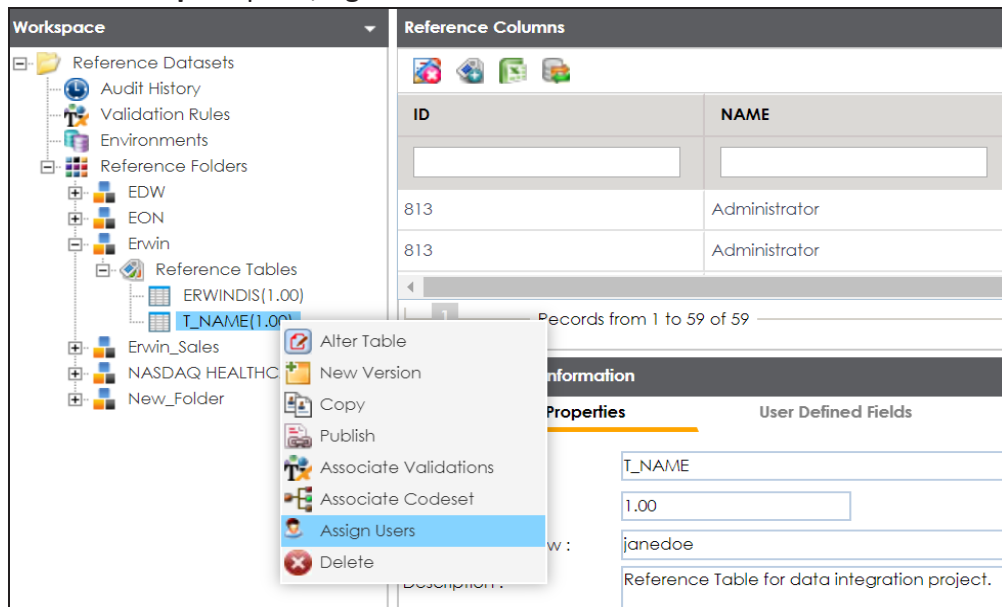
# Managing Reference Tables

Managing reference tables involves:

- Altering
- Copying
- Assigning users
- Deleting

To manage reference tables, follow these steps:

1. In the **Workspace** pane, right-click a reference table.



2. Use the following options:

### Alter Table

Use this option to update a reference table. You can edit table name, owner, data steward, and add or remove columns.

### Copy





## Managing Reference Tables

---

Use this option to copy a reference table. You can paste the copied reference table in a reference folder. To paste the reference table, right-click the reference folder and click **Paste**.

### Assign Users

Use this option to assign users to reference tables. Before, you assign a user to a reference table, ensure that the user is assigned to the corresponding reference folder.

On the Assign Users page, select user IDs under **User ID** list-box and move them to **Assigned Users** list-box using the arrows ( or ). Similarly, to change existing user assignment, select user IDs under **Assigned Users** list-box and move them back to **User ID** list-box using the arrows ( or .

### Delete

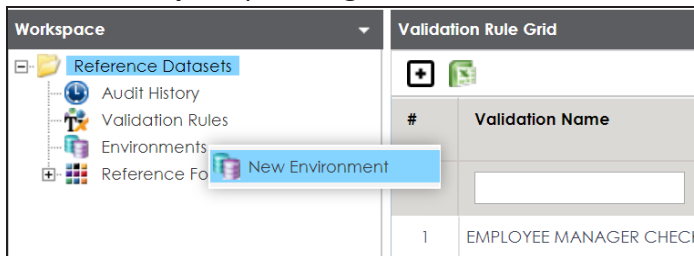
Use this option to delete a reference table that is no longer required.

# Creating Publish Environments

You can publish reference tables to various environments like development, production, test etc. You can also specify the schema of the environment, for example, DBO.

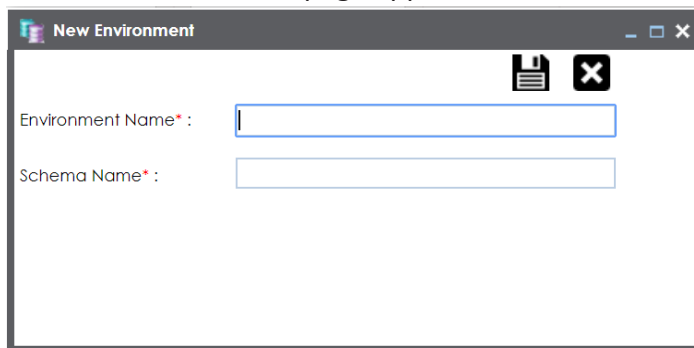
To create publish environments, follow these steps:

1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Reference Data Manager**.
2. In the **Workspace** pane, right-click the **Environments** node.



3. Click **New Environment**.

The New Environment page appears.



4. Enter the **Environment Name** and **Schema Name**.

For example:

- **Environment Name:** Production
- **Schema Name:** DBO

5. Click .

The publish environment is created and saved on the Publish Environments page.



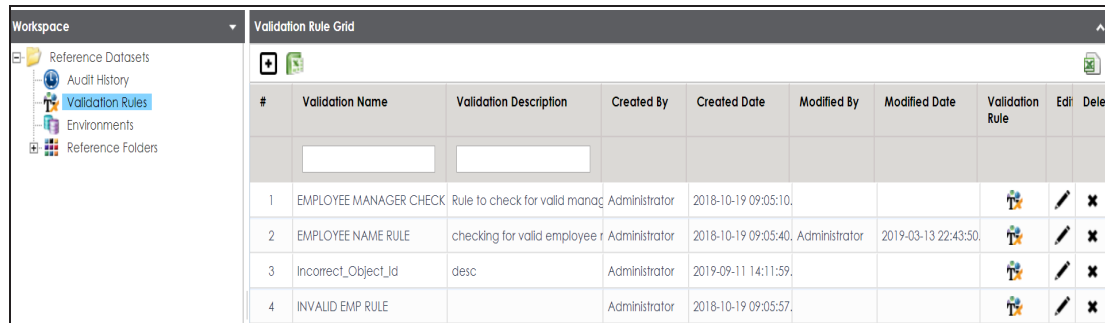
# Adding Validation Rules

You can define a validation rule in the form of SQL queries and use it to validate reference tables.

To add validation rules, follow these steps:

1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Reference Data Manager**.
2. In the **Workspace** pane, click the **Validation Rules** node.

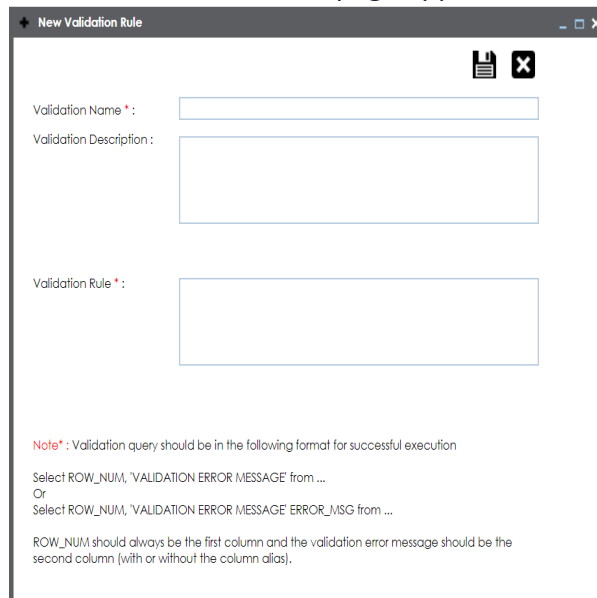
The Validation Rule Grid page appears.



#	Validation Name	Validation Description	Created By	Created Date	Modified By	Modified Date	Validation Rule	Edit	Delete
1	EMPLOYEE MANAGER CHECK	Rule to check for valid manag	Administrator	2018-10-19 09:05:10,					
2	EMPLOYEE NAME RULE	checking for valid employee r	Administrator	2018-10-19 09:05:40,	Administrator	2019-03-13 22:43:50,			
3	Incorrect_Object_Id	desc	Administrator	2019-09-11 14:11:59,					
4	INVALID EMP RULE		Administrator	2018-10-19 09:05:57,					

3. Click .

The New Validation Rule page appears.



**New Validation Rule**

Validation Name \* :

Validation Description :

Validation Rule \* :

**Note\*** : Validation query should be in the following format for successful execution

Select ROW\_NUM, 'VALIDATION ERROR MESSAGE' from ...  
Or  
Select ROW\_NUM, 'VALIDATION ERROR MESSAGE' ERROR\_MSG from ...

ROW\_NUM should always be the first column and the validation error message should be the second column (with or without the column alias).









## Adding Validation Rules

4. Enter appropriate values in the fields. Fields marked with a red asterisk are mandatory. Refer to the following table for field descriptions.

Field Name	Description
Validation Name	Specifies the name of the validation rule. For example, Incorrect_Object_ID.
Validation Description	Specifies the description about the validation rule. For example: This validation rule validates the ERWIN_SALES reference table.
Validation Rule	Specifies the SQL query of the validation rule. For example: select * from ERWIN_SALES where ID = 1000000.

5. Click .

The validation rule is created and saved in the Validation Rule Grid.

Validation Rule Grid									
#	Validation Name	Validation Description	Created By	Created Date	Modified By	Modified Date	Validation Rule	Edit	Delete
1	EMPLOYEE MANAGER CHECK	Rule to check for valid manager	Administrator	2018-10-19 09:05:10.51					
2	EMPLOYEE NAME RULE	checking for valid employee name	Administrator	2018-10-19 09:05:40.04	Administrator	2019-03-13 22:43:50.60			
3	Incorrect_Object_Id	desc	Administrator	2019-09-11 14:11:59.4					
4	INVALID EMP RULE		Administrator	2018-10-19 09:05:57.25					

Use the following options to work on the Validation Rule Grid page:

### Validation Rule ()

Use this option to view validation rule queries.

### Edit ()

Use this option to update validation rules.

### Delete ()

Use this option to delete validation rules that are no longer required.

Once a validation rule is added, you can:

## Adding Validation Rules

---

1. [Associate it with a reference table](#)
2. [Run validation against the reference table](#)

## Associating Validation Rules with Reference Tables

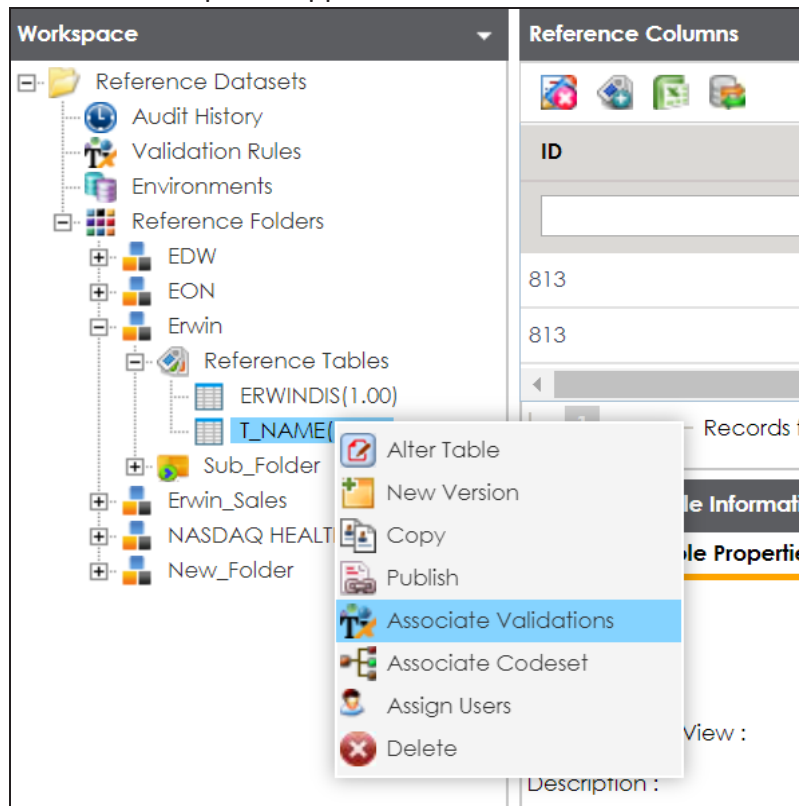
After creating a validation rule, you need to associate the validation rule with a reference table.

This allows you to execute the validation rule to validate data in the reference table.

To associate validation rules with reference tables, follow these steps:

1. In the **Workspace** pane, right-click a reference table.

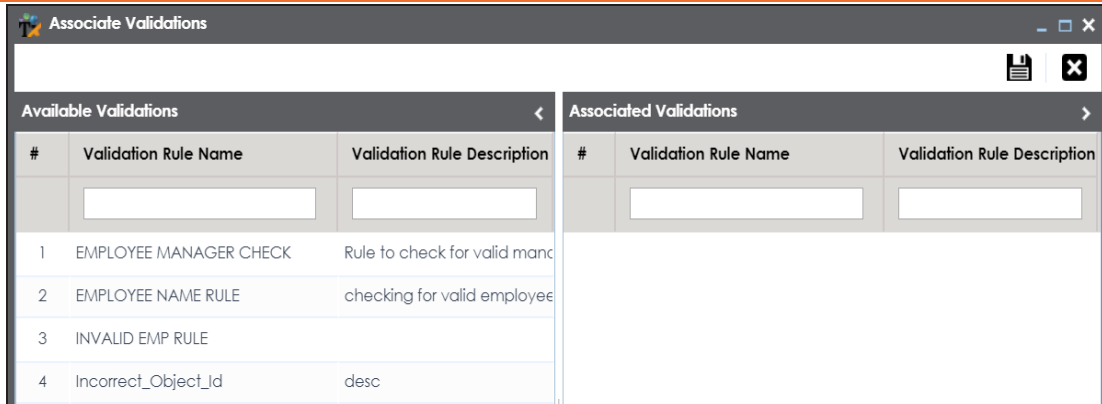
The available options appear.



2. Click **Associate Validations**.

The Associate Validation page appears.

## Associating Validation Rules with Reference Tables



The 'Associate Validations' dialog box is shown. It has two main panes: 'Available Validations' on the left and 'Associated Validations' on the right. Both panes contain a table with columns for '#', 'Validation Rule Name', and 'Validation Rule Description'. The 'Available Validations' table lists four rules: 1. EMPLOYEE MANAGER CHECK, 2. EMPLOYEE NAME RULE, 3. INVALID EMP RULE, and 4. Incorrect\_Object\_Id. The 'Associated Validations' table is currently empty.

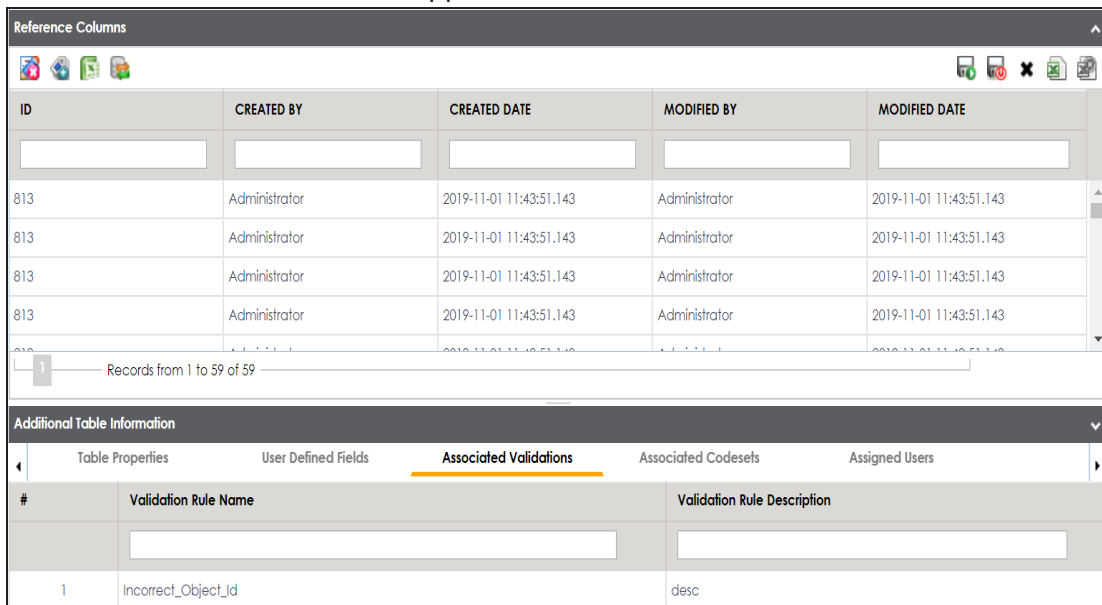
#	Validation Rule Name	Validation Rule Description
1	EMPLOYEE MANAGER CHECK	Rule to check for valid manager
2	EMPLOYEE NAME RULE	checking for valid employee
3	INVALID EMP RULE	
4	Incorrect_Object_Id	desc

3. Drag and drop the required validation rule from the **Available Validation** pane to the **Associated Validation** pane.

For more information on adding validation rules, refer to the [Adding Validation Rules](#) topic.

4. Click .

The associated validation rules appear on the Associated Validations tab.



The 'Reference Columns' dialog box is shown. It has a table with columns for ID, CREATED BY, CREATED DATE, MODIFIED BY, and MODIFIED DATE. Below the table is a section for 'Additional Table Information' with tabs for Table Properties, User Defined Fields, Associated Validations, Associated Codesets, and Assigned Users. The 'Associated Validations' tab is selected, showing a table with columns for '#', 'Validation Rule Name', and 'Validation Rule Description'. The table lists one rule: 1. Incorrect\_Object\_Id.

ID	CREATED BY	CREATED DATE	MODIFIED BY	MODIFIED DATE
813	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143
813	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143
813	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143
813	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143

Records from 1 to 59 of 59


#	Validation Rule Name	Validation Rule Description
1	Incorrect_Object_Id	desc

# Running Validations Against Reference Tables

You can run a validation rule query against a reference table after associating the table with the validation rule. Executing validation rule validates the data in the reference table.

To run validation rules against reference tables, follow these steps:

1. In the **Workspaces** pane, click a reference table.

The following page appears. Ensure that you are not in edit mode. If you are in edit mode, click  to cancel edit.

Workspace

Reference Datasets

Audit History

Validation Rules

Environments

Reference Folders

EDW

ECN

Erwin

Erwin\_Sales

Reference Tables

ERWIN\_SALES(1.00)

NASDAQ HEALTHCARE

New\_Folder

Published Tables

Reference Columns

ID	CREATED BY	CREATED DATE	MODIFIED BY	MODIFIED DATE
813	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143
813	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143
813	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143
813	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143

Records from 1 to 59 of 59

Additional Table Information

Table Properties

User Defined Fields

Associated Validations

Associated Codesets

Assigned Users

#	Validation Rule Name	Validation Rule Description
1	Incorrect_Object_Id	desc

2. Click .

The Validate Table page appears.

Validate Table

Select Environment: DEV

Select	Validation Name
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Incorrect_Object_Id

## Running Validations Against Reference Tables

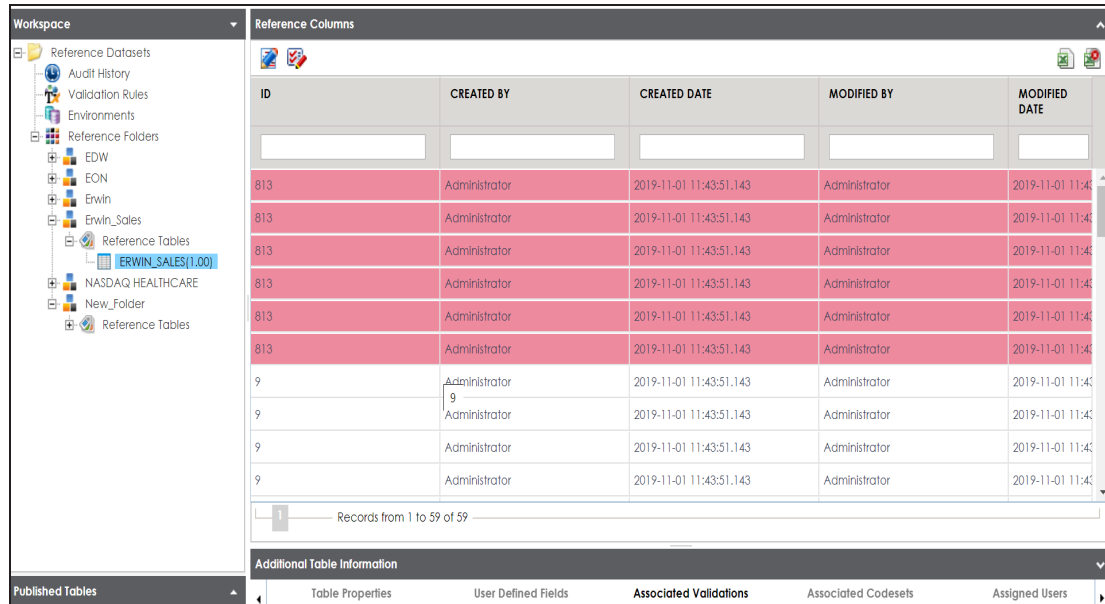
3. Select an environment and a validation rule.

For more information on creating environments, refer to the [Creating Publish Environments](#) topic.

4. Click .

Validation is successfully executed.

The error rows returned by executing the validations are highlighted in red color.



The screenshot displays the Erwin Data Management console. On the left, the 'Workspace' tree shows the hierarchy: Reference Datasets > Audit History > Validation Rules > Environments > Reference Folders > EDW > EON > Erwin > Erwin\_Sales > Reference Tables > ERWIN\_SALES(1.00). The main area shows the 'Reference Columns' table with 5 columns: ID, CREATED BY, CREATED DATE, MODIFIED BY, and MODIFIED DATE. The table contains 13 rows. The first 6 rows are highlighted in red, indicating validation errors. The remaining 7 rows are white, indicating successful validations. A status bar at the bottom of the table indicates 'Records from 1 to 59 of 59'. Below the table, the 'Additional Table Information' section is visible, showing tabs for Table Properties, User Defined Fields, Associated Validations (which is currently selected), Associated Codesets, and Assigned Users.

ID	CREATED BY	CREATED DATE	MODIFIED BY	MODIFIED DATE
813	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143
813	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143
813	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143
813	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143
813	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143
813	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143
9	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143
9	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143
9	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143
9	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143	Administrator	2019-11-01 11:43:51.143

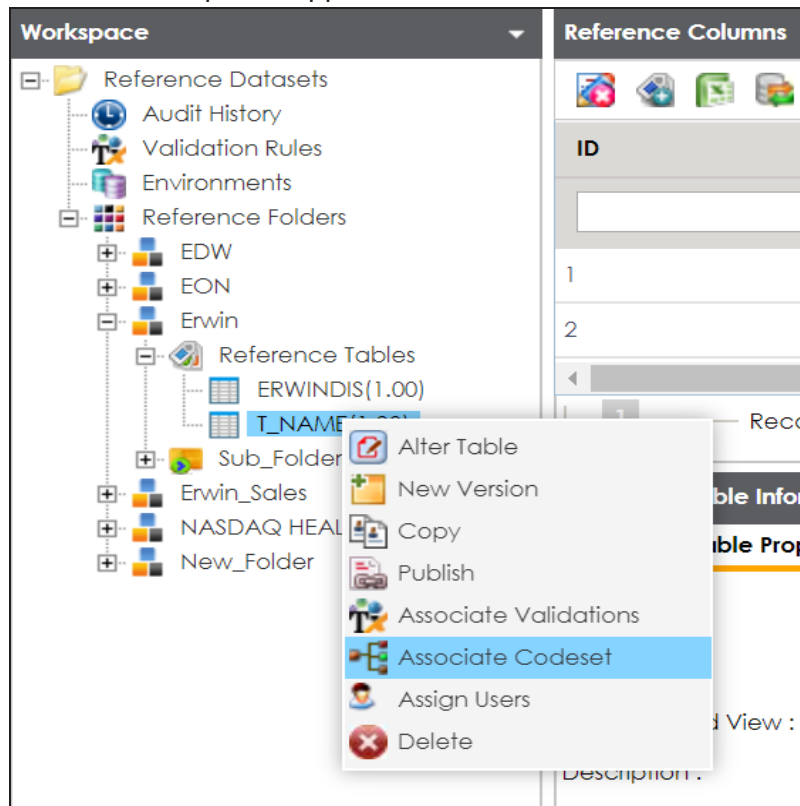
# Associating Codesets With Reference Tables

You can associate codesets with columns of a reference table. Codesets can be used as configurable pick lists so that data can be selected from the drop-down.

To associate codesets with columns of reference tables, follow these steps:

1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Reference Data Manager**.
2. In the **Workspace** pane, right-click a reference table.

The available options appear.

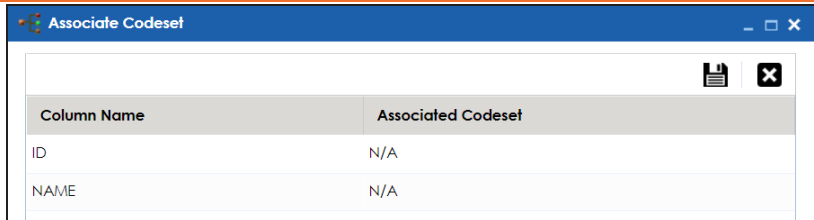


3. Click **Associate Codesets**.

The Associate Codeset page appears.



## Associating Codesets With Reference Tables

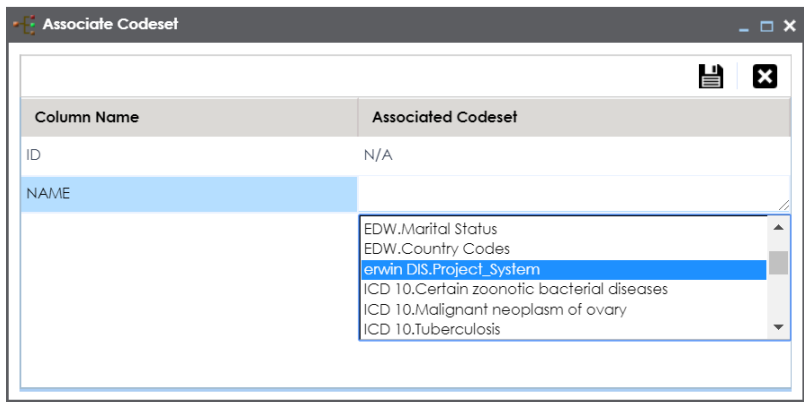


The 'Associate Codeset' dialog box contains a table with two columns: 'Column Name' and 'Associated Codeset'. The table has two rows: 'ID' with 'N/A' and 'NAME' with 'N/A'. There are save and close icons in the top right corner.

Column Name	Associated Codeset
ID	N/A
NAME	N/A

4. Double-click the cell for the required column and select an appropriate codeset.

For more information on codesets, refer to the [Maintaining Enterprise Codesets](#) section.



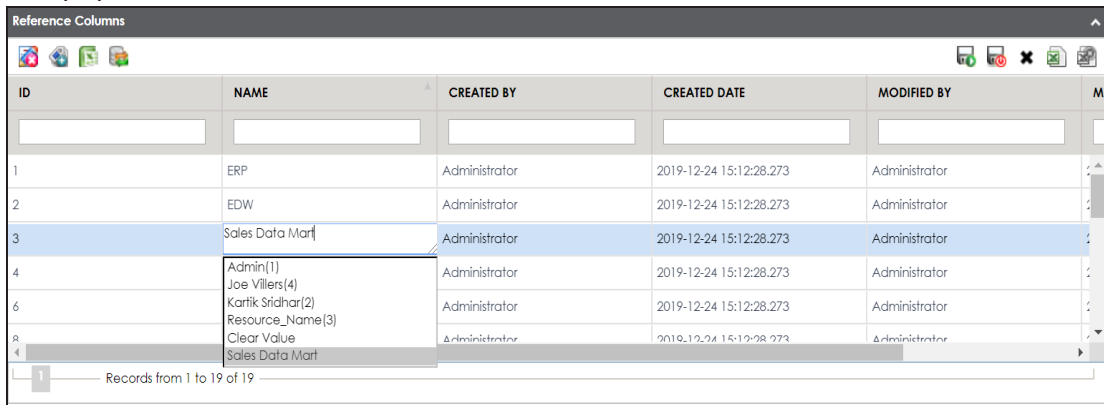
The 'Associate Codeset' dialog box shows the 'NAME' column selected. A dropdown menu is open, displaying a list of codesets. The codeset 'erwin DIS.Project\_System' is highlighted.

Column Name	Associated Codeset
ID	N/A
NAME	<div>EDW.Marital Status EDW.Country Codes erwin DIS.Project_System ICD 10.Certain zoonotic bacterial diseases ICD 10.Malignant neoplasm of ovary ICD 10.Tuberculosis</div>

5. Click .

The codeset is associated with the column of the reference table.

The corresponding column in the reference table is now configured as a drop-down and populated with values from the selected codeset.



The 'Reference Columns' table displays a list of columns. The 'NAME' column is a drop-down menu showing values from the selected codeset. The table has columns: ID, NAME, CREATED BY, CREATED DATE, MODIFIED BY, and a column partially visible as 'MO'.

ID	NAME	CREATED BY	CREATED DATE	MODIFIED BY	MO
1	ERP	Administrator	2019-12-24 15:12:28.273	Administrator	
2	EDW	Administrator	2019-12-24 15:12:28.273	Administrator	
3	Sales Data Mart	Administrator	2019-12-24 15:12:28.273	Administrator	
4	Admin(1)	Administrator	2019-12-24 15:12:28.273	Administrator	
	Joe Villers(4)				
6	Kartik Sridhar(2)	Administrator	2019-12-24 15:12:28.273	Administrator	
	Resource_Name(3)				
8	Clear Value	Administrator	2019-12-24 15:12:28.273	Administrator	
10	Sales Data Mart				

Records from 1 to 19 of 19


# Versioning Reference Tables

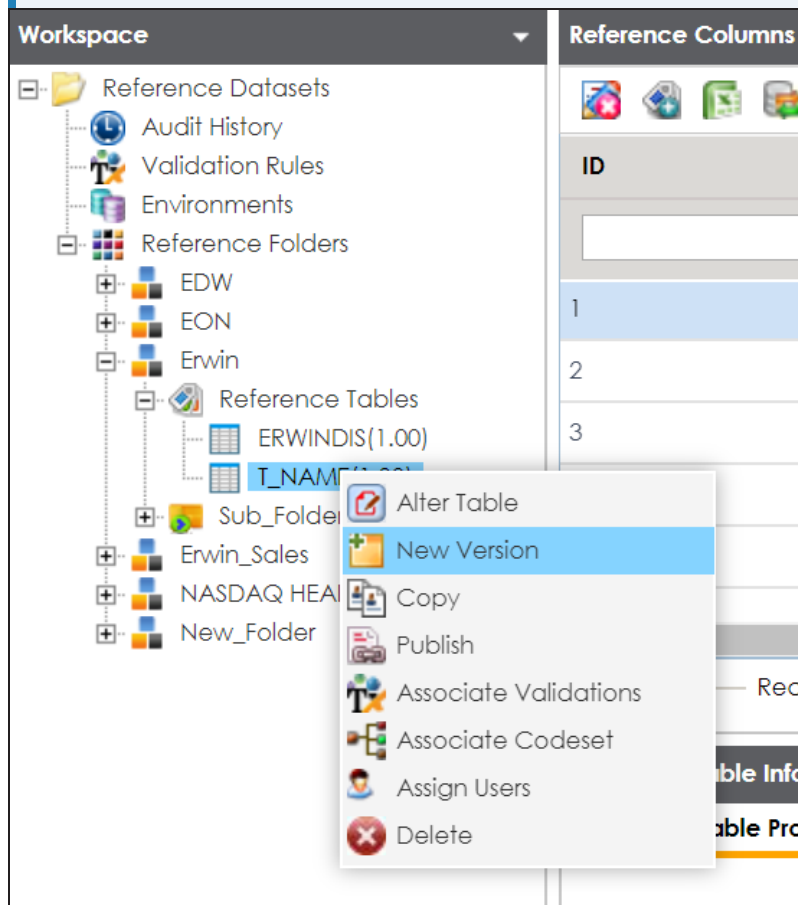
You can create versions of reference tables and track the legacy of reference tables. The old version is archived and new version is added to the Reference Table tree in the Workspace pane.

To create versions of the reference tables, follow these steps:

1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Reference Data Manager**.
2. In the **Workspace** pane, right-click a reference table.



Ensure that the reference table is not in edit mode (locked condition). If it is in edit mode, click  to cancel edit.



## Versioning Reference Tables

### 3. Click **New Version**.

The New Version page appears.

The screenshot shows a web application window titled "New Version". It contains a form with the following fields:

- Table Name\***: Input field containing "T\_NAME".
- Version**: Input field containing "1.01".
- Description**: Input field containing "Reference Table for data integration project.".
- Version Label**: Empty input field.
- Changed Description\***: Empty input field.

### 4. Enter appropriate values in the fields. Fields marked with a red asterisk are mandatory. Refer to the following table for field descriptions.

Field Name	Description
Table Name	Specifies the name of the reference table. For example, Data_Classifications_Levels.
Version	Specifies the new version of the reference table. For example, 1.02.
Description	Specifies the description about the reference table. For example: This reference table serves as domain for the data classification column.
Version Label	Specifies the version label of the reference table. For example, Beta.
Changed Description	Specifies the description of the changes made in the reference table. For example: A new column, Object_ID was added in the reference table.

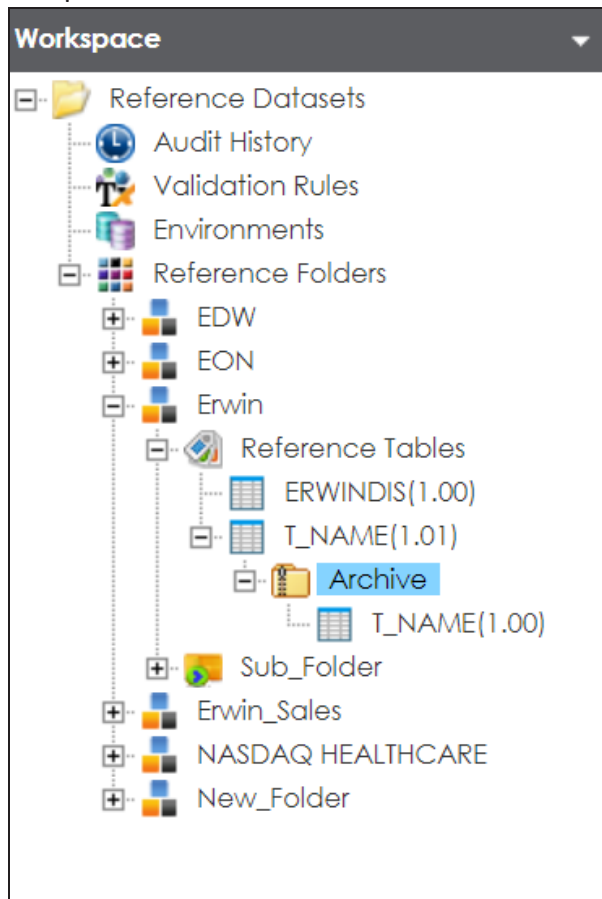
### 5. Click .

## Versioning Reference Tables

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The new version of the reference table is created and saved under the Reference Table tree.

The previous version of the reference table is archived.

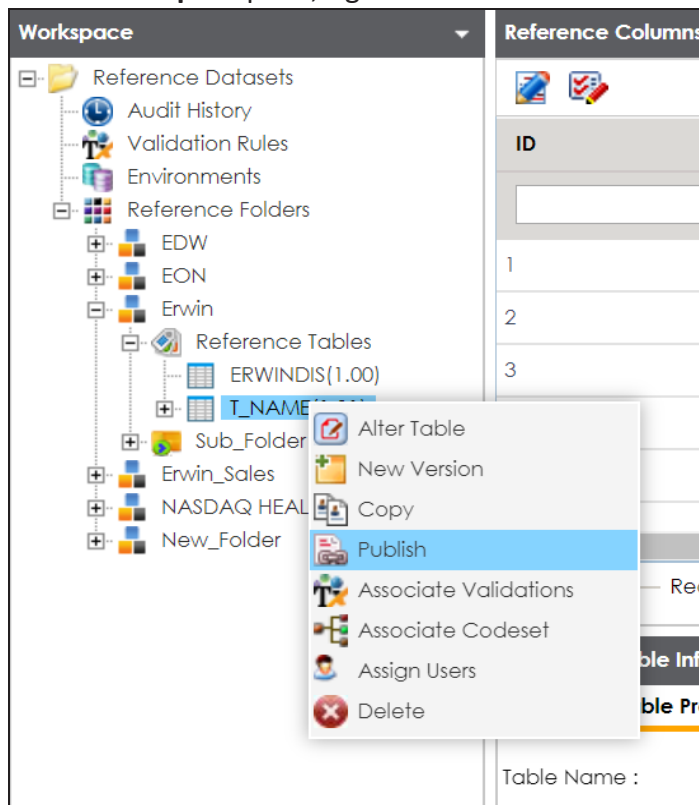


## Publishing Reference Tables

You can publish a reference table to a publish environment. Before publishing a reference table, you must ensure that the table has passed all validations successfully.

To publish reference tables, follow these steps:

1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Reference Data Manager**.
2. In the **Workspace** pane, right-click a reference table.



3. Click **Publish**.

A warning message appears.

4. Click **Yes**.

The Publish Table page appears.

## Publishing Reference Tables

**Publish Table**

\* Publishing the table will create a new version.

Table Name: T\_NAME

Version: 1.01

Version Label:

Change Description\*:

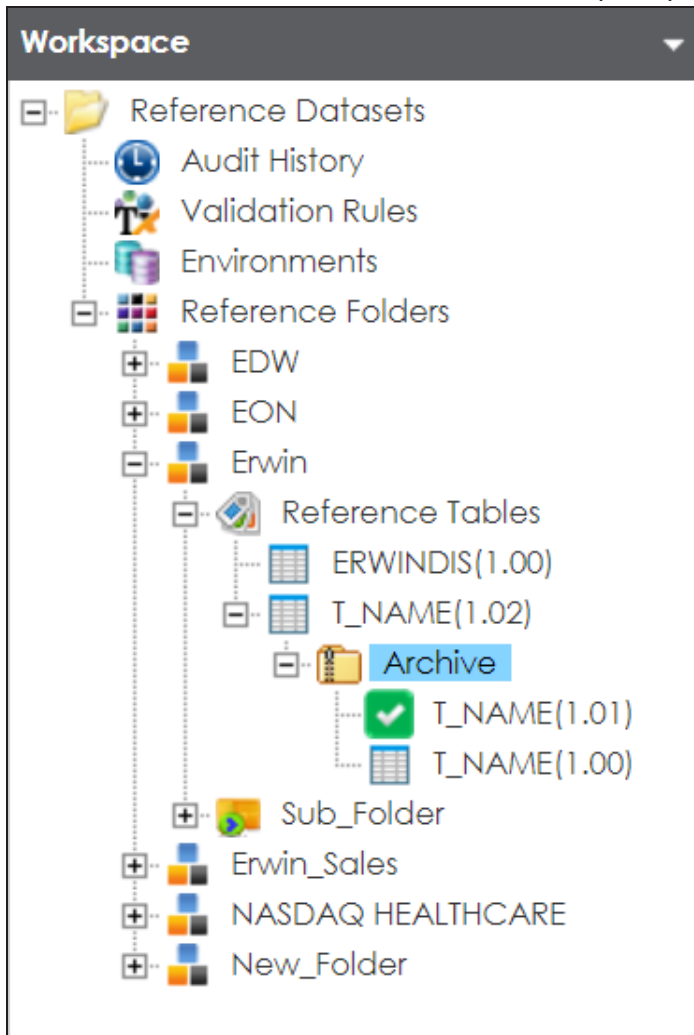
Publish Environment\*: DEV, Production

5. Enter appropriate values in the fields. Fields marked with a red asterisk are mandatory. Refer to the following table for field descriptions.

Field Name	Description
Table Name	Specifies the name of the reference table. For example, Data_Classifications_Levels. It is autopopulated and cannot be edited.
Version	Specifies the current version of the reference table. For example, 1.00. It is autopopulated and cannot be edited.
Version Label	Specifies the version label of the reference table. For example, Beta.
Change Description	Specifies the description about the changes made in the reference table. For example: A new column, Object_ID was added in the reference table.
Publish Environment	Specifies the environment to which the reference table would be published. For example, Production. For more information on creating publish environment, refer to the <a href="#">Creating Publish Environments</a> topic.

6. Click .

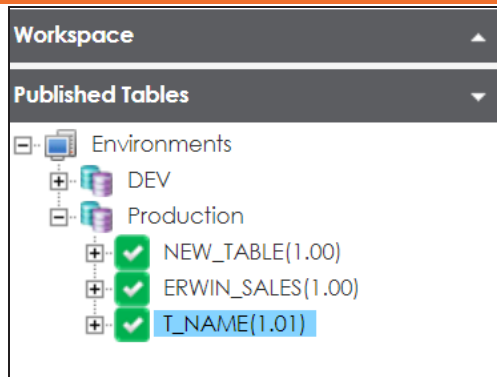
The reference table is published. The published version is archived and a new version of the reference table is created in the Workspace pane.



The published version is also saved in the Published Tables pane.

## Publishing Reference Tables

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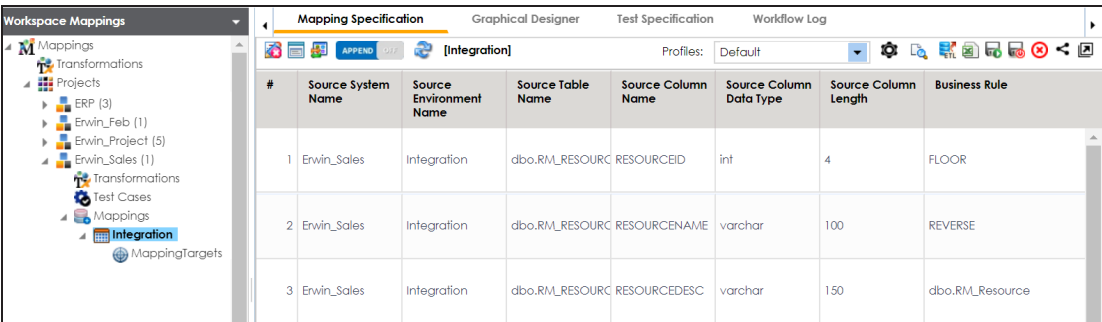
## Associating Reference Tables with Mappings

Reference data sets the permissible values for other data fields. To standardize your data, you can associate a reference table with mappings. Ensure that you publish the required reference table before associating it with mappings.


To associate reference tables with Mappings, follow these steps:

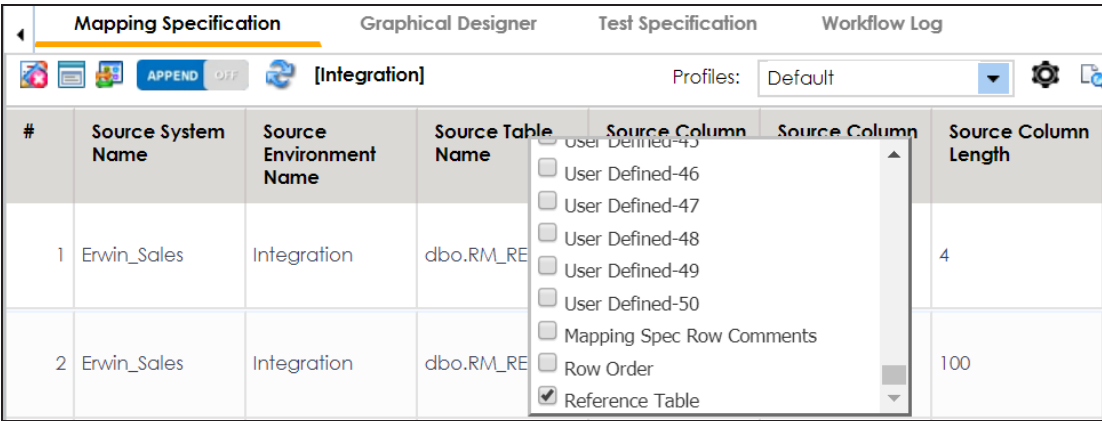
1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Mapping Manager**.
2. In the **Workspace Mappings** pane, click a map.

The Mapping Specification grid appears.



#	Source System Name	Source Environment Name	Source Table Name	Source Column Name	Source Column Data Type	Source Column Length	Business Rule
1	Erwin_Sales	Integration	dbo.RM_RESOURCE	RESOURCEID	int	4	FLOOR
2	Erwin_Sales	Integration	dbo.RM_RESOURCE	RESOURCENAME	varchar	100	REVERSE
3	Erwin_Sales	Integration	dbo.RM_RESOURCE	RESOURCEDESC	varchar	150	dbo.RM_Resource

3. Click .
4. Right-click the header menu.



#	Source System Name	Source Environment Name	Source Table Name	Source Column Name	Source Column Data Type	Source Column Length
1	Erwin_Sales	Integration	dbo.RM_RESOURCE	RESOURCEID	int	4
2	Erwin_Sales	Integration	dbo.RM_RESOURCE	RESOURCENAME	varchar	100


☐ User Defined-45  
☐ User Defined-46  
☐ User Defined-47  
☐ User Defined-48  
☐ User Defined-49  
☐ User Defined-50  
☐ Mapping Spec Row Comments  
☐ Row Order  
☒ Reference Table

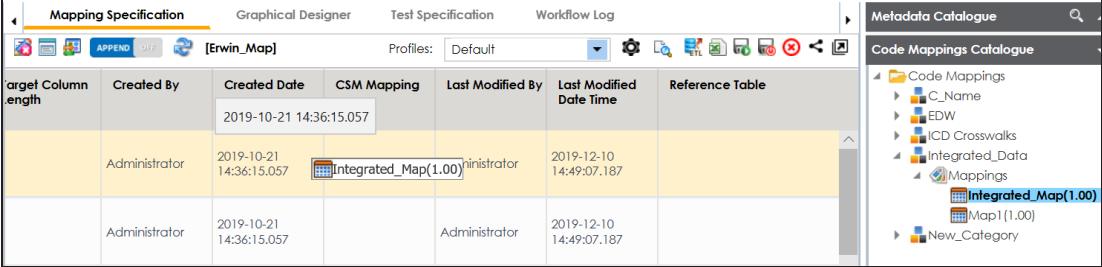
5. Select the **Reference Table** check box.

The Reference Table column appears in the Mapping Specification grid.

## Associating Reference Tables with Mappings

6. Drag the reference table from **Reference Table Catalog** and drop it on the required row under the **Reference Table** column.

 You can associate multiple source columns with the reference tables.



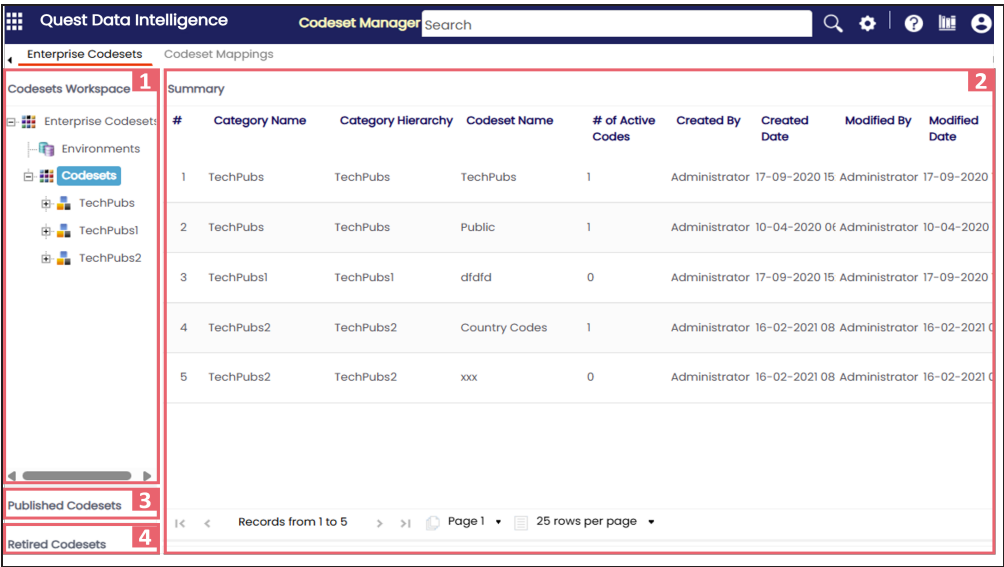
Target Column	Created By	Created Date	CSM Mapping	Last Modified By	Last Modified Date Time	Reference Table
length	Administrator	2019-10-21 14:36:15.057	Integrated_Map(1.00)	Administrator	2019-12-10 14:49:07.187	
	Administrator	2019-10-21 14:36:15.057		Administrator	2019-12-10 14:49:07.187	

7. Click .

The reference table is associated with the mappings.

# Codeset Manager

To access the Codeset Manager, go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Codeset Manager**. The Codeset Manager dashboard appears:



UI Section	Function
1-Workspace	Use this pane to browse through Codesets Workspace and Code Mappings Workspace panes. Codesets Workspace enables you to create and categorize codesets. Code Mappings Workspace enables you to create and categorize code mappings.
2-Right Pane	Use this pane to work on the data based on your selection in the Workspace pane.
3-Published Codesets	Use this pane to browse, view, and export published codesets.
4-Retired Codesets	Use this pane to browse, view, and export retired codesets.

Managing codesets involves the following:

## Codeset Manager

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- [Maintaining enterprise codesets](#)
- [Maintaining code mappings](#)

# Maintaining Enterprise Codesets

You can create and maintain codesets using the Enterprise section of the Codeset Manager. Under the Enterprise section, you can create codesets, add code name and code value pairs, and version them. You can also publish the codesets to various environments such as development, test, or production and use it to create code crosswalks (mappings).

Maintaining enterprise codeset involves:

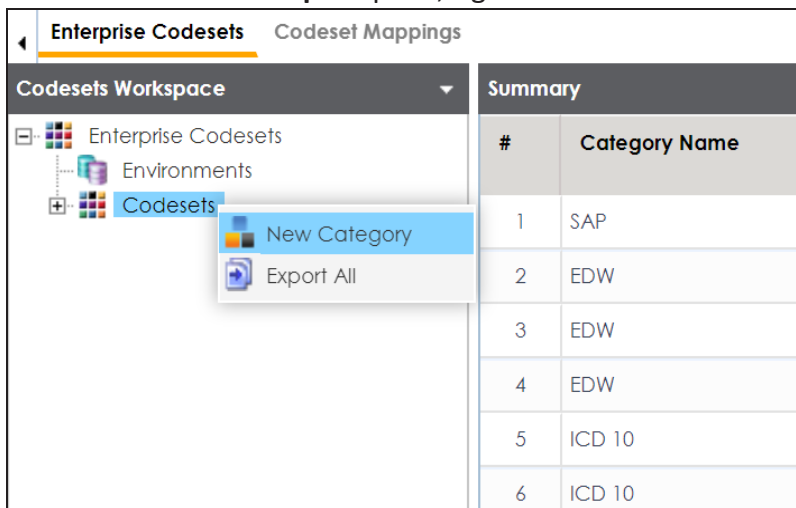
- [Creating categories](#)
- [Adding codesets](#)
- [Versioning codesets](#)
- [Deleting codes and codesets](#)
- [Publishing codesets](#)

# Creating Categories

Codes are stored in a hierarchical manner Categories > Codesets. You can group codesets into categories based on your organization's projects, departments, or functions. Therefore, before creating codesets, you need to create a category. You can also create sub-categories to group codesets further.

To create categories, follow these steps:

1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Codeset Manager**.
2. In the **Codesets Workspace** pane, right-click the **Codesets** node.



3. Click **New Category**.

The New Category page appears.

4. Enter the **Category Name** and **Category Description**.

## Creating Categories

---

For example:

- **Category Name** - EDW
- **Category Description** - This category contains three codesets, Country Codes, Gender, and Marital Status.

5. Click .

A category is created and saved in the category tree.

Once a category is created, you can:

- [Assign users to the category](#)
- [Add codesets to the category](#)

You can also manage it using the options available on the right-clicking category. [Managing categories](#) involves:

- Updating categories
- Creating sub categories
- Deleting categories
- Creating new codesets
- Exporting codesets
- Deleting codesets
- Exporting category codesets
- Importing codesets
- Assigning users

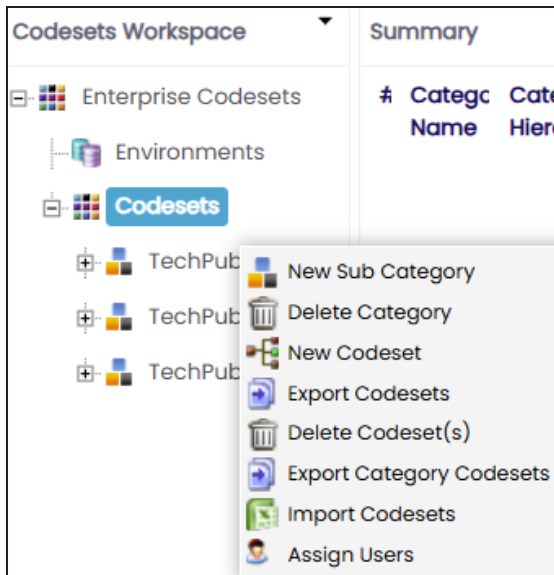
# Managing Categories

Managing categories involves:

- Updating categories
- Creating sub categories
- Deleting categories
- Creating new codesets
- Exporting codesets
- Deleting codesets
- Exporting category codesets
- Importing codesets
- Assigning users

To manage categories, follow these steps:

1. In the **Codesets Workspace** pane, right-click a category.



2. Use the following options:

**New Sub Category**



## Managing Categories

---

Use this option to create a sub-category and group codesets further.

### **Delete Category**

Use this option to delete a category that is no longer required. Deleting a category also deletes codesets in it.

### **New Codesets**

Use this option to create new codesets. For more information on creating new codesets, refer to the [Adding Codesets](#) topic.

### **Export Codesets**

Use this option to export codesets to an XLSX file.

### **Delete Codeset(s)**

Use this option to delete one or multiple codesets in a category. On the Delete Codesets page select a codeset(s) and delete them.


### **Export Category Codesets**

Use this option to export the category codesets to an XLSX file.

### **Import Codesets**

Use this option to import codesets from another category. On the Import Codesets page you can browse and upload files.

### **Assign Users**

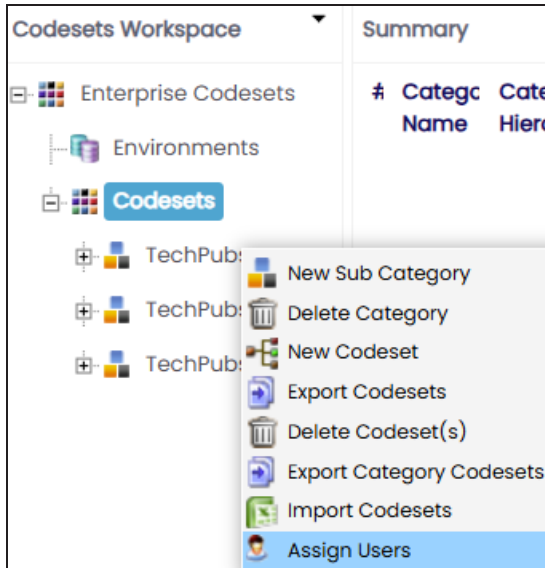
Use this option to assign users to a category based on your organization's projects, departments, functions, and so on. On the Assign/Unassign Users page, select or remove users and click . For more information on assigning users, refer to [Assigning Users](#) topic.

# Assigning Users

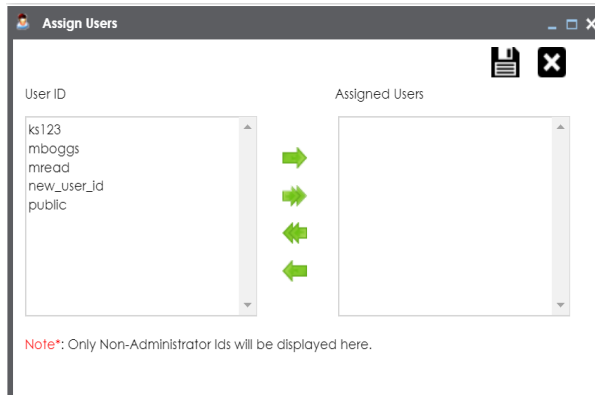
You can assign users to a category and enable write access to all sub-folders and codesets within the category.

To assign users, follow these steps:

1. In the **Codesets Workspace** pane, right-click a category.



2. Click **Assign Users**.



3. Use (➡ or ➡➡) to move users from **User ID** box to **Assigned Users** box and use (⬅ or ⬅➡) to move users from **Assigned Users** box to **User ID** box.

## Assigning Users

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4. Click .

The users are assigned to the category.



Follow the same procedure to add/remove users to/from the category.

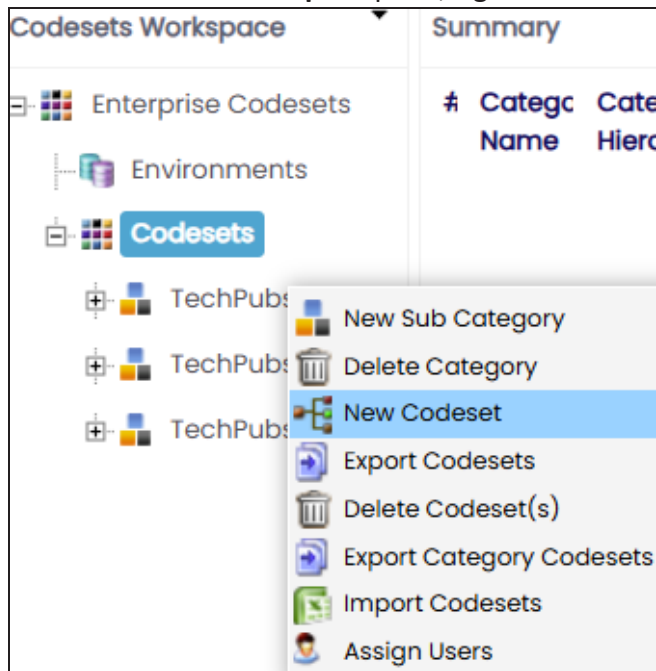
# Adding Codesets

After creating a category, you can add codesets to enter codes.

Codesets store codes in a code value grid.

To add new codesets, follow these steps:

1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Codeset Manager**.
2. In the **Codesets Workspace** pane, right-click a category.



3. Click **New Codeset**.

The New Codeset page appears.

A screenshot of the 'New Codeset' form. The form has a title bar that says 'New Codeset' and contains two input fields: 'Codeset Name' and 'Codeset Description'. The 'Codeset Name' field is a single-line text box, and the 'Codeset Description' field is a multi-line text box. There are icons for saving and closing the form in the top right corner.

## Adding Codesets

---

4. Enter **Codeset Name** and **Codeset Description**.

For example:

- **Codeset Name:** Country Codes
- **Codeset Description:** This codeset has code names and code values for four countries.

5. Click .

A new codeset is created and saved under the Codesets tree.

Once a codeset is created you can add codes to the code value grid in the following ways:

- [Entering codes manually](#)
- [Importing codesets from a MS Excel file](#)
- [Importing codesets through a DB scan](#)

## Entering Codes Manually



After creating codesets, you can add codes manually in the code value grid.

To enter codes manually, follow these steps:

1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Codeset Manager**.
2. In the **Codesets Workspace** pane, click a required.

The Code Value Grid appears.

The screenshot shows the 'Enterprise Codesets' application window. On the left is the 'Codesets Workspace' pane with a tree view containing 'Enterprise Codesets', 'Environments', 'Codesets', and various sub-items like '3rd Party Flat Files', 'APJ Demo', 'EDW', 'erwin DIS', 'Codesets' (with 'Sales\_Codeset(1.00)' selected), 'ICD 10', 'ICD 9', 'New\_Cat', 'New\_Category', and 'SAP'. On the right is the 'Category Details' pane, which contains a 'Code Value Grid'. The grid has five columns: 'Code Name', 'Code Value', 'Code Description', 'Codeset Name', and 'System Name/Environment'. The first row of the grid is highlighted, and there are input fields for each column. Above the grid, there are two icons: a blue and red icon and a grey icon.

3. Click .
4. Click .

The New Code page appears.

## Entering Codes Manually

**New Code**

Code Name\*

Code Value\*

Code Description

System/Environment Name Please select System/Environment ▼

Start Date

End Date

Activate User Defined Fields ON

User Defined Field 1

User Defined Field 2

User Defined Field 3

User Defined Field 4

User Defined Field 5

User Defined Field 6

User Defined Field 7

User Defined Field 8

User Defined Field 9


User Defined Field 10

Note\* : Date Format = MM/DD/YYYY

5. Enter appropriate values in the fields. Fields marked with a red asterisk are mandatory. Refer to the following table for field descriptions.

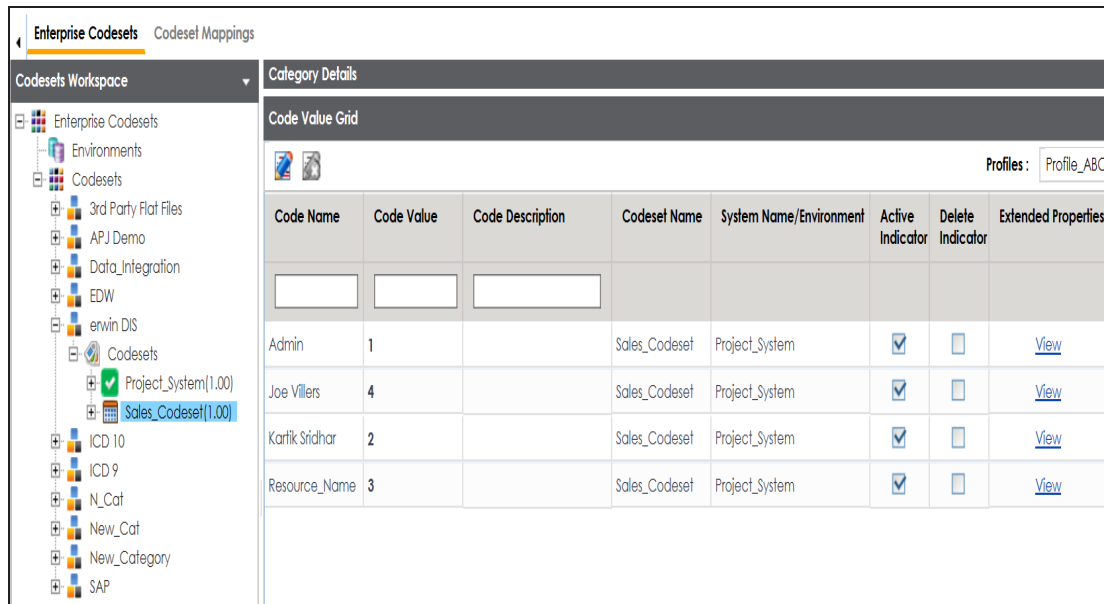
Field Name	Description
Code Name	Specifies the code name. For example, Admin.
Code Value	Specifies the code value of the code name. For example, 1.
Code Description	Specifies the description about the code. For example: The code value for Admin is 1.
System/ Environment Name	Specifies the system and environment related with the code. For example, EDW.EDW-DEV. Select the System/Environment name.
Start Date	Specifies the start date of the code validity. For example, 02/24/2020. Enter the start date using

## Entering Codes Manually

Field Name	Description
End Date	Specifies the end date of the code validity. For example, 03/22/2021. Enter the end date using  .
Activate User Defined Fields	Switch <b>Activate User Defined Fields</b> to <b>ON</b> to use the user defined fields in the Code Value Grid.
User Defined Field 1-10	You can use your own UI labels for user defined fields. For more information on using UI labels for user defined fields, refer to the <a href="#">Configuring Language Settings</a> topic.

6. Click .

The codes are entered into the Code Value Grid.



The screenshot shows the 'Enterprise Codesets' application. On the left is a tree view under 'Codesets Workspace' containing 'Enterprise Codesets', 'Environments', and 'Codesets'. Under 'Codesets', there are several sub-items including '3rd Party Flat Files', 'APJ Demo', 'Data\_Integration', 'EDW', 'erwin DIS', 'Codesets', 'Project\_System(1.00)', 'Sales\_Codeset(1.00)', 'ICD 10', 'ICD 9', 'N\_Cat', 'New\_Cat', 'New\_Category', and 'SAP'. The 'Sales\_Codeset(1.00)' item is selected. The main area is titled 'Category Details' and contains a 'Code Value Grid'. The grid has columns: 'Code Name', 'Code Value', 'Code Description', 'Codeset Name', 'System Name/Environment', 'Active Indicator', 'Delete Indicator', and 'Extended Properties'. There are four rows of data: 'Admin' with value 1, 'Joe Villers' with value 4, 'Kartik Sridhar' with value 2, and 'Resource\_Name' with value 3. All 'Active Indicator' checkboxes are checked. The 'Delete Indicator' column has empty checkboxes. The 'Extended Properties' column has 'View' links. A 'Profiles' dropdown is set to 'Profile\_ABC'.

Code Name	Code Value	Code Description	Codeset Name	System Name/Environment	Active Indicator	Delete Indicator	Extended Properties
Admin	1		Sales_Codeset	Project_System	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">View</a>
Joe Villers	4		Sales_Codeset	Project_System	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">View</a>
Kartik Sridhar	2		Sales_Codeset	Project_System	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">View</a>
Resource_Name	3		Sales_Codeset	Project_System	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<a href="#">View</a>

7. Use the following options:

### Maximize


To maximise the Code Value Grid view, click .

### Export to Excel



## Entering Codes Manually

---

To download the codeset, click .

[Managing codesets](#) involves:

- Editing Codesets
- Copying Codesets
- Editing Code Value Grid
- Retiring Codesets

# Importing Codes using MS Excel Files

You can import codes into Code Value Grid using .xlsx files. The .xlsx file template must be compatible with the Code Value Grid. To ensure the compatibility, download the template and enter the codes and upload it to the Code Value Grid.

To import codes using MS Excel Files, follow these steps:

1. In the **Codesets Workspace** pane, click a codeset.

The Code Value Grid appears.

2. Click  to download the template file.

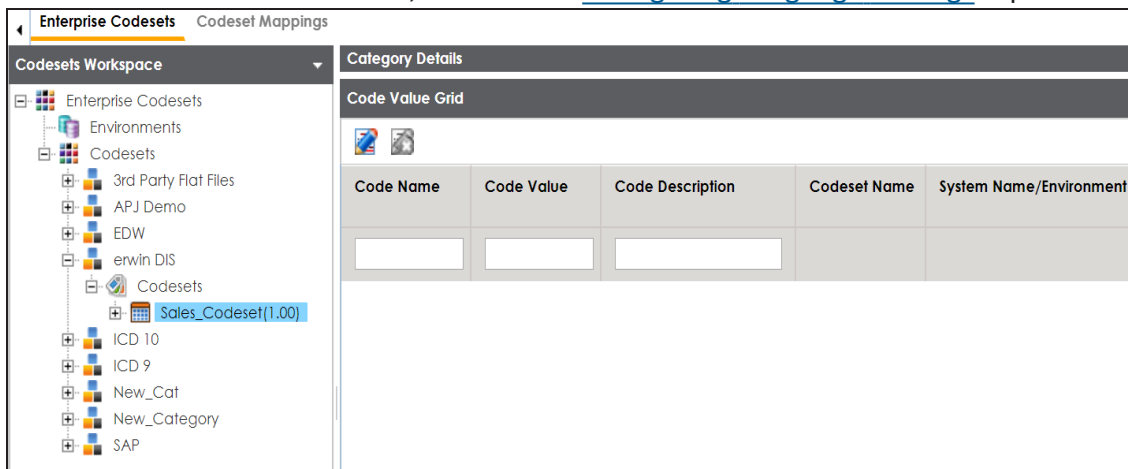
The template in .xlsx format is downloaded.

3. Enter relevant data in the template.



Set the ACTIVE\_FLAG column values to Y, and set the DELETE\_FLAG column values to N.

You can use your own UI labels for user defined fields. For more information on using UI labels for user defined fields, refer to the [Configuring Language Settings](#) topic.



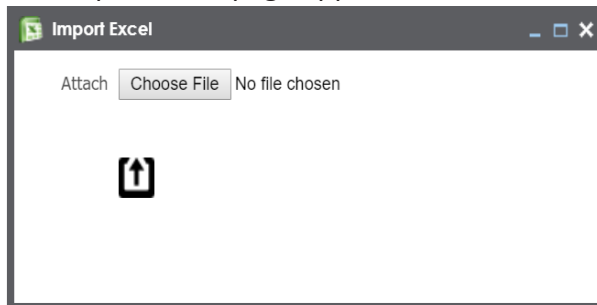
4. Click  to enable the edit mode.

5. Click .

## Importing Codes using MS Excel Files

---

The Import Excel page appears.



6. Browse the updated .xlsx file using **Choose File**.

7. Click .

The codes are uploaded into the Code Value Grid.

Once you upload the codes in the Code Value Grid, you can manage the codesets.

[Managing codesets](#) involves:

- Editing Codesets
- Copying Codesets
- Editing Code Value Grid
- Retiring Codesets

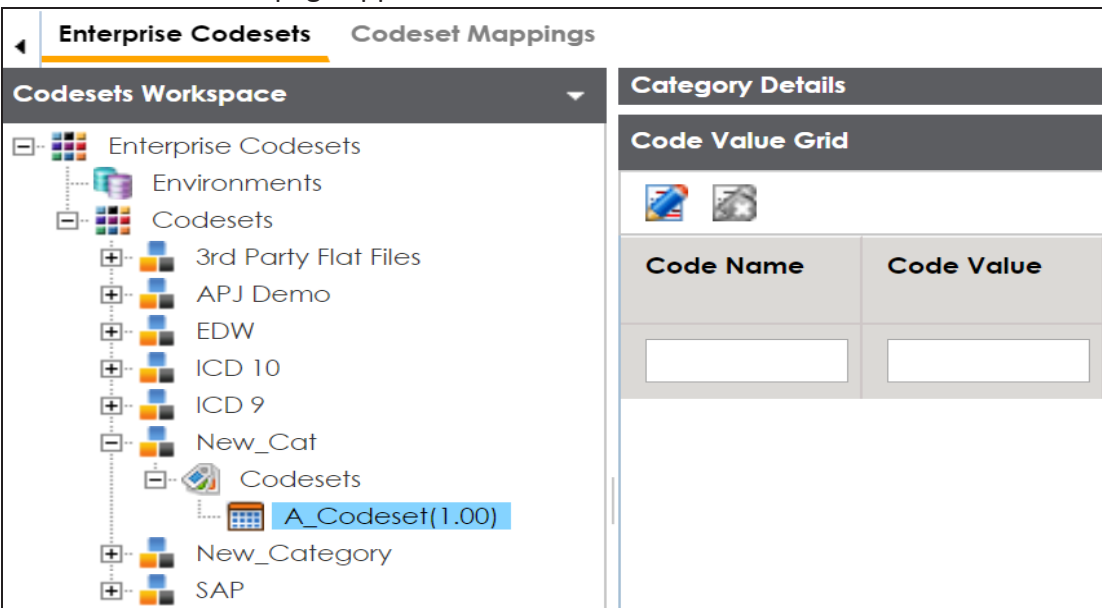
## Importing Codes into Code Value Grid using DB Scan



You can import codes into Code Value Grid by scanning a database. Enter connection parameters and establish a connection between the database and Quest DI. Once the connection is established, write an SQL query to preview the required data. You can select the required columns and import them as codes into the Code Value Grid.

To import codes using DB scan, follow these steps:

1. In the **Codesets Workspace** pane, click the required codeset.

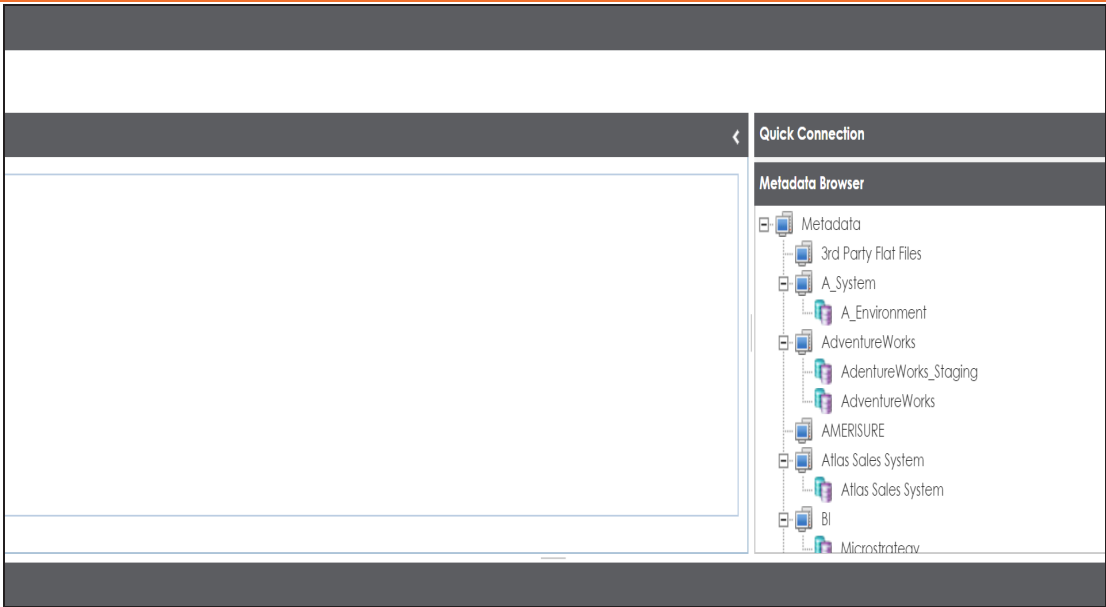
The Code Value Grid page appears.



2. Click , to enable edit mode.
3. Click .

The Following page appears.

Importing Codes into Code Value Grid using DB Scan



4. Expand the **Quick Connection** pane.

A screenshot of the 'Quick Connection' pane. The title bar is dark with the text 'Quick Connection'. Below the title bar, the text '\*Mandatory Fields' is written in red. To the right of this text is a blue icon of a wrench and a screwdriver with the word 'TEST' below it. Below this, there are six rows of labels and input fields. The labels are 'DBType: \*', 'Driver Name:', 'IP Address/Host Name: \*', 'Port: \*', 'Database Name: \*', and 'System Name: \*'. The input fields are: a dropdown menu with 'Select DB Type' and a downward arrow, and five empty text boxes. The asterisks are in red.

5. Enter appropriate values in the fields (connecting parameters). Fields marked with a red asterisk are mandatory. Refer to the following table for field description.

## Importing Codes into Code Value Grid using DB Scan

Field Name	Description
DBType	Specifies the database type. For example, Sql Server. Select the database type from which you wish to scan codes.
Driver Name	Specifies the JDBC driver name for connecting to the database. For example, com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQLServerDriver It is autopopulated depending on the DB type. You can also update the driver name.
IP Address/Host Name	Specifies the IP address or server host name of the database. For example, localhost.
Port	Specifies the port to connect with the database. For example: 1433 is the default port for a Sql Server database type.
Database Name	Specifies the database name being used to connect to the code-set. For example, ErwinDIS931.
System Name	Specifies the name of the system related with the codeset. For example, EDW. The name of the system should be same as provided in Metadata Manager.
System Environment Name	Specifies the name of the environment related with the codeset. For example, EDW-DEV. The name of the environment should be same as provided in Metadata Manager.
User Name	Specifies the user name to connect with database. For example, sa.
Password	Specifies the password to connect with database. For example, goerwin@1.

## Importing Codes into Code Value Grid using DB Scan

Field Name	Description
URL	<p>Specifies the full JDBC URL that is used to establish a connection with the database.</p> <p>For example, <code>jdbc:sqlserver://SERVER_NAME:PORT#;databaseName=DatabaseName</code></p> <p>It is autopopulated based on the other parameters.</p>

6. Click  to test the connection.

On a successful connection, Connection Successful pop-up appears.

7. Write an SQL query in the **Query Panel** to fetch the required data from the database.

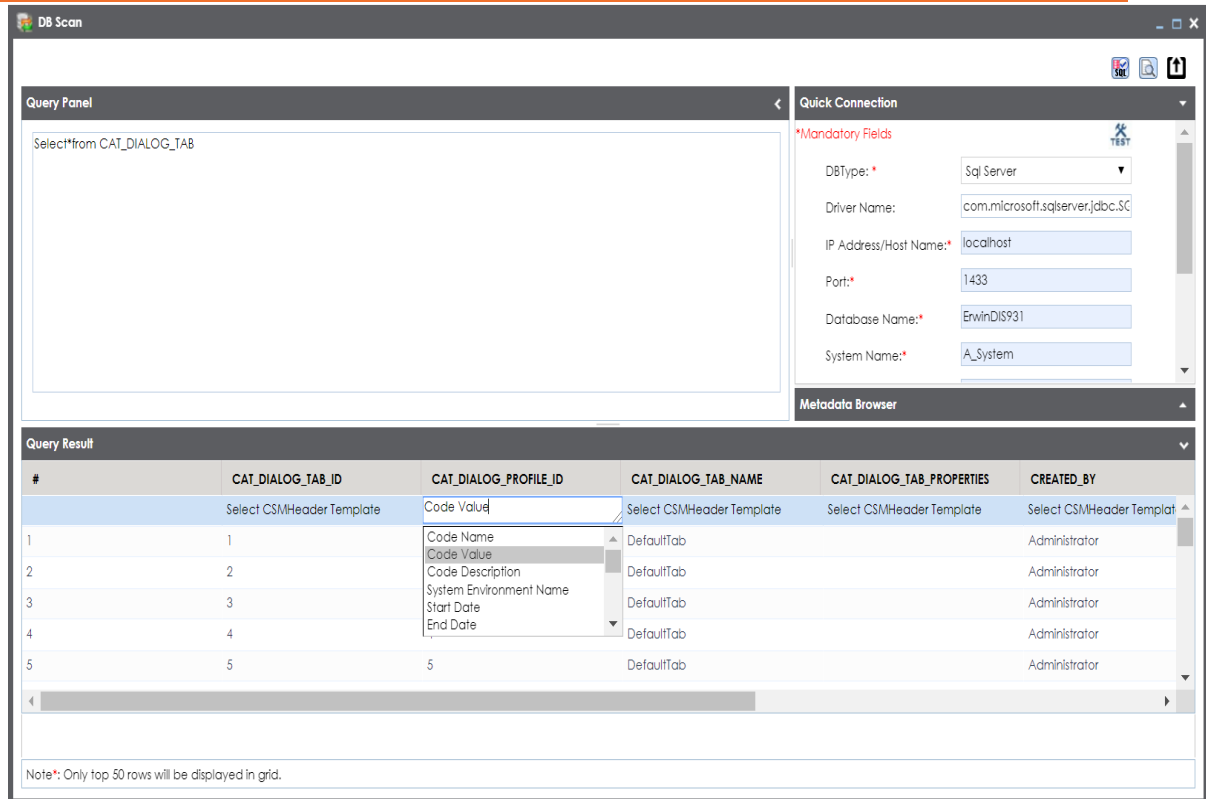
8. Click  to validate the query.

9. Click  to preview the data.

10. Double-click the **Select CSMHeader Template** cell of the required column.

The columns of the Code Value Grid appears as an option list.


## Importing Codes into Code Value Grid using DB Scan



11. Select the required Code Value Grid column.



You can select multiple columns from the database.

12. Click  to import the selected columns into the **Code Value Grid**.

The selected columns are imported in the **Code Value Grid**.

Once you import the codes in the Code Value Grid, you can manage codesets.

Managing codesets involves:

- Editing Codesets
- Copying Codesets
- Editing Code Value Grid
- Retiring Codesets



# Managing Codesets

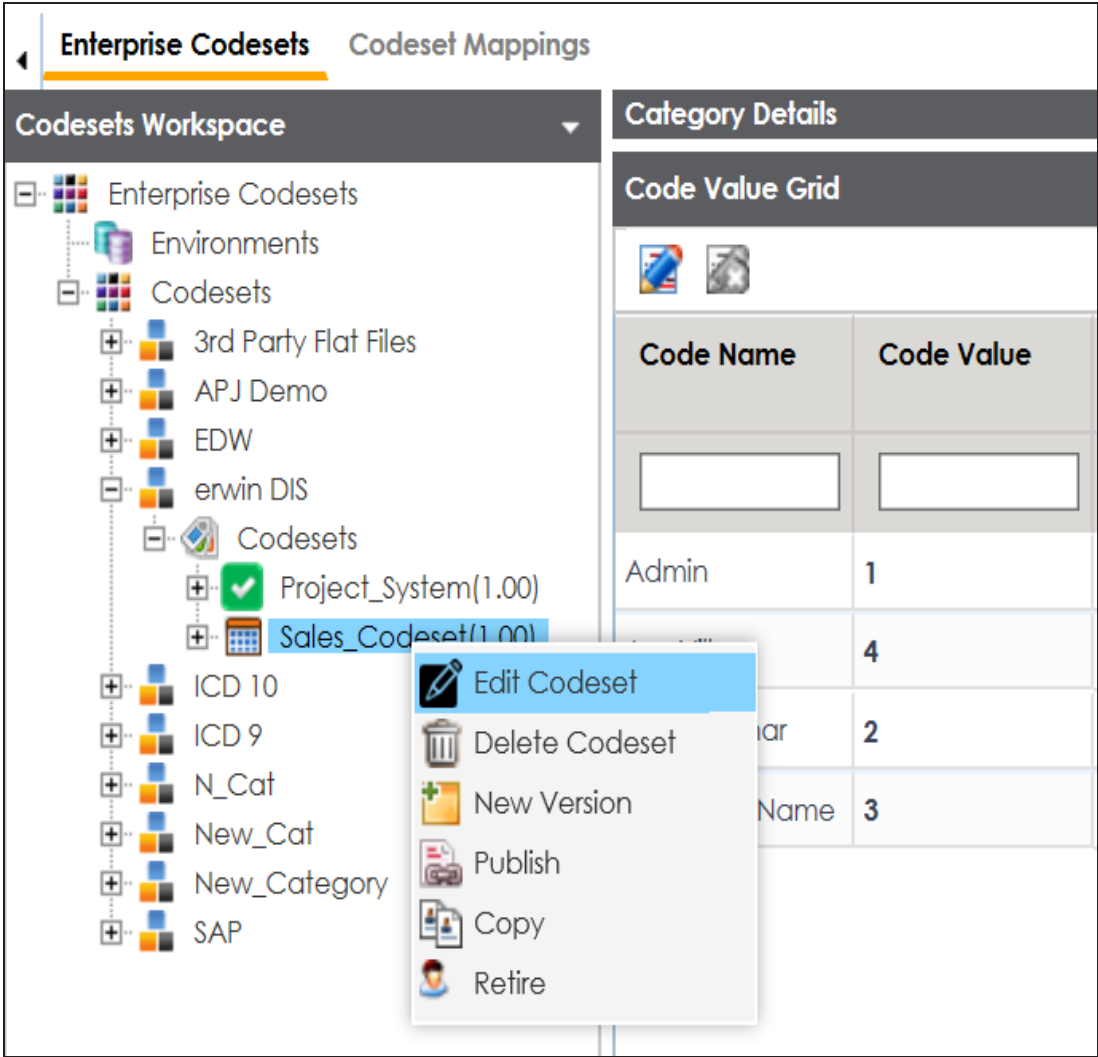
Managing Codesets involves the following:

- Editing codesets
- Deleting codesets
- Creating new codeset version
- Publishing codesets
- Copying codesets
- Retiring codesets

You can manage the codesets and update its details.

To manage codesets, follow these steps:

1. In the **Codesets Workspace** pane, expand a category.
2. Expand the **Codesets** node, and right-click a codeset.



3. Use the following options:

**Edit Codeset**

Use this option to update codeset's details.

**Delete Codeset**

Use this option to delete a codeset.

**New Version**

Use this option to create a new codeset version. For more information on creating new codeset version, refer to [Versioning Codesets](#) topic.

### **Publish**

Use this option to publish the codesets. For more information on publishing codesets, refer to [Publishing Codesets](#) topic.

### **Copy**

Use this option to copy the selecte codeset and paste it in different category.

### **Retire**



Use this option to retire a codeset and it is moved to Retired Codesets pane. After you retire a codeset, you cannot retrieve that codeset.

# Versioning Codesets

You can version codesets and maintain the legacy of codesets with a record of changed description.

To create new versions of codesets, follow these steps:

- 1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Codeset Manager**.
- 2. In the **Codesets Workspace** pane, right-click a codeset.

 Ensure the codeset is in edit mode. Click  to cancel edit mode.

Enterprise Codesets Codeset Mappings

Codesets Workspace

Enterprise Codesets

Environments

Codesets

3rd Party Flat Files

APJ Demo

EDW

erwin DIS

Codesets

Project\_System(1.00)

Sales\_Codeset(1.00)

ICD 10

ICD 9

N\_Cat

New\_Cat

New\_Category

SAP

Summary

#	Category Name
1	SAP
2	EDW
3	EDW
4	EDW
5	ICD 10
6	ICD 10
7	ICD 10
8	ICD 10
9	ICD 10
10	ICD 9

Edit Codeset

Delete Codeset

New Version

Publish

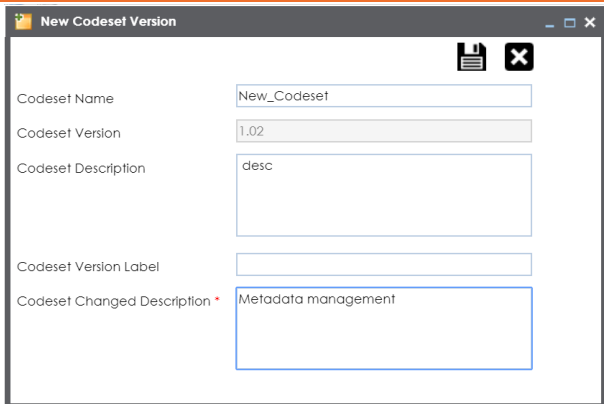
Copy

Retire

- 3. Click **New Version**.

The New Codeset Version page appears.

## Versioning Codesets



New Codeset Version

Codeset Name: New\_Codeset

Codeset Version: 1.02

Codeset Description: desc

Codeset Version Label:

Codeset Changed Description \* Metadata management

4. Enter appropriate values in the fields. Fields marked with a red asterisk are mandatory. Refer to the following table for field description.

Field Name	Description
Codeset Name	Specifies the name of the codeset whose version is being created. For example, Country Codes. It is autopopulated with the codeset name and cannot be edited.
Codeset Version	Specifies the new version of the codeset. For example, 1.03.
Codeset Description	Specifies the description about the codeset. For example: This codeset has code names and code values for four countries. It is autopopulated with the codeset description and cannot be edited.
Codeset Version Label	Specifies the version label of the codeset. For example, Beta.
Codeset Changed Description	Specifies the description about the changes in the codeset. For example: Code Value for CANADA was changed to CAN.

5. Click .

## Versioning Codesets

---

The new version is created and the older version is archived.

# Deleting Codes and Codesets

You can logically delete and restore the codes, and also permanently delete the codesets.

To delete codesets, follow these steps:

1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Codeset Manager**.
2. In the **Codesets Workspace** pane, expand a category.
3. Expand a **Codesets** node and click a codeset.

The Code Value Grid appears

Enterprise Codesets		Codeset Mappings						
Codesets Workspace		Category Details						
Codesets		Code Value Grid						
Enterprise Codesets		Profiles : Profile_ABC						
Environments		Code Name	Code Value	Code Description	Codeset Name	System Name/Environment	Active Indicator	Delete Indicator
Codesets		Extended Properties						
3rd Party Flat Files								
APJ Demo								
EDW								
erwin DIS								
Codesets								
Project_System(1.00)		Admin	1		Sales_Codeset	Project_System	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Sales_Codeset(1.00)		Joe Villers	4		Sales_Codeset	Project_System	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
ICD 10		Kartik Sridhar	2		Sales_Codeset	Project_System	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
ICD 9		Resource_Name	3		Sales_Codeset	Project_System	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
N_Cat								
Code_Set(1.00)								
New_Cat								
New_Category								
SAP								

4. Select **Delete Indicator** check box for relevant Codeset Name from the Codeset Value Grid.

A warning message appears.

5. Click **Yes**.

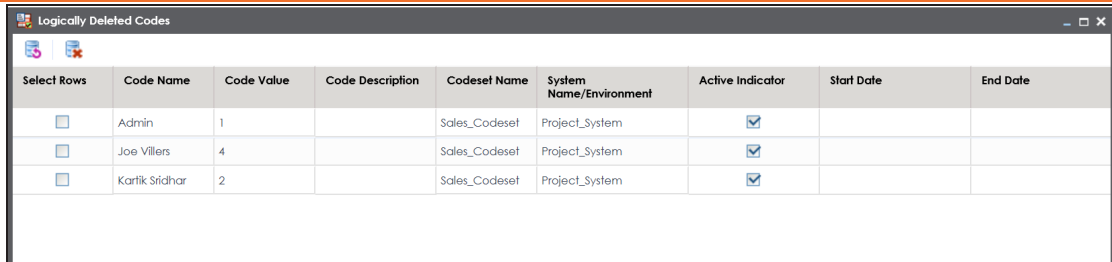
The code is logically deleted and can be restored or purged.

To restore or purge logically deleted codes, follow these steps:



1. Click .

The Logically Deleted Codes page appears.

## Deleting Codes and Codesets

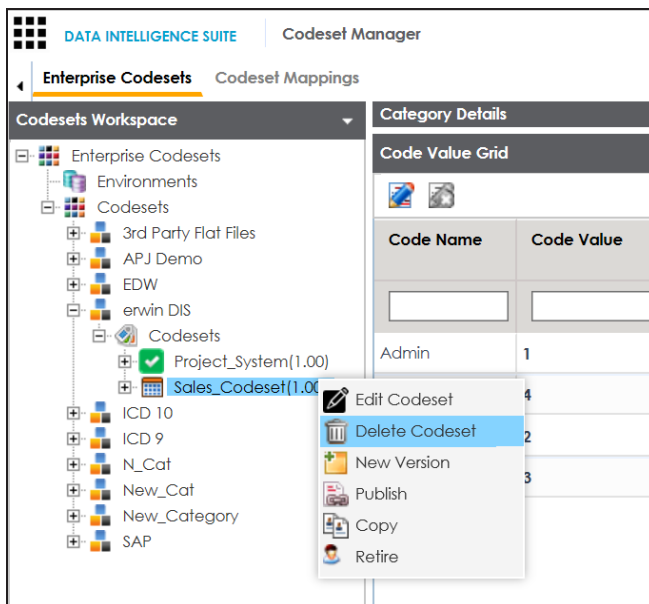



Select Rows	Code Name	Code Value	Code Description	Codeset Name	System Name/Environment	Active Indicator	Start Date	End Date
<input type="checkbox"/>	Admin	1		Sales_Codeset	Project_System	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Joe Villers	4		Sales_Codeset	Project_System	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Kartik Sridhar	2		Sales_Codeset	Project_System	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		

2. Select required rows.
3. Click , to delete the selected rows.
4. Click , to restore the selected rows.

To permanently delete codesets, follow these steps:

1. Right-click a codeset.



To delete a codeset, ensure the codeset is in edit mode. Click  to cancel edit mode.

2. Click **Delete Codesets**.

A warning message appears.



## Deleting Codes and Codesets

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3. Click **Yes**.

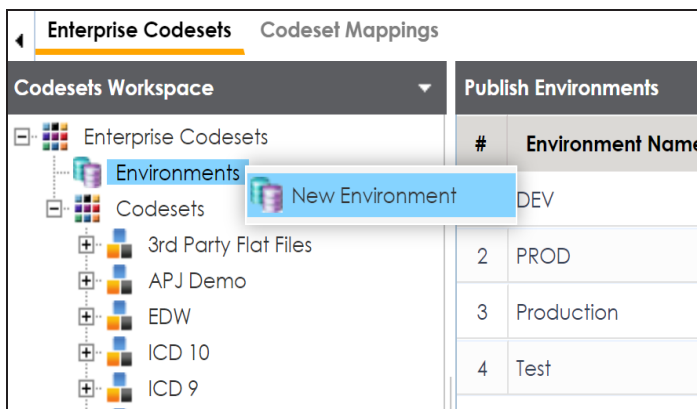
The codeset is deleted.

## Publishing Codesets

You can publish your codesets to an environment. To publish the codesets, ensure that you have created and setup an environment.

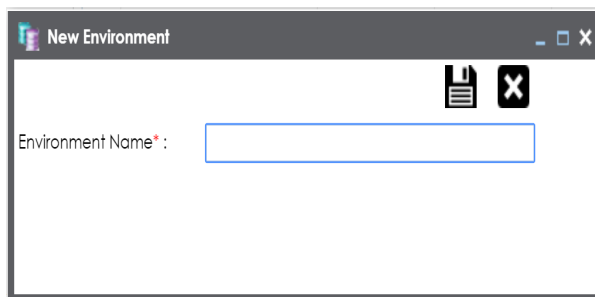
To create publish environments, follow these steps:

1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Codeset Manager**.
2. In the **Codesets Workspace** pane, right-click the **Environments** node.



3. Click **New Environment**.

The New Environment page appears.



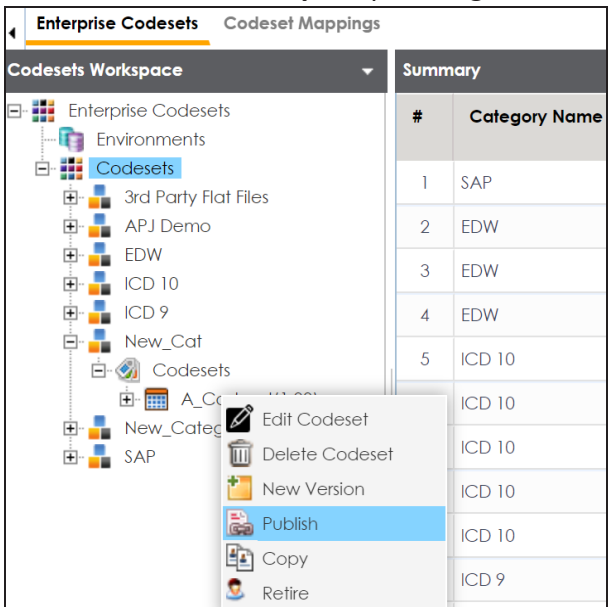
4. Enter **Environment Name**.
5. Click

A new publish environment is created and saved in the Publish Environments pane.

### Publishing Codesets

To publish codesets, follow these steps:

1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Codeset Manager**.
2. In the **Codesets Workspace** pane, right-click a codeset.



3. Click **Publish**.

The Publish Codesets page appears.

## Publishing Codesets

4. Enter appropriate values in the fields. Fields marked with a red asterisk are mandatory. Refer to the following table for field description.

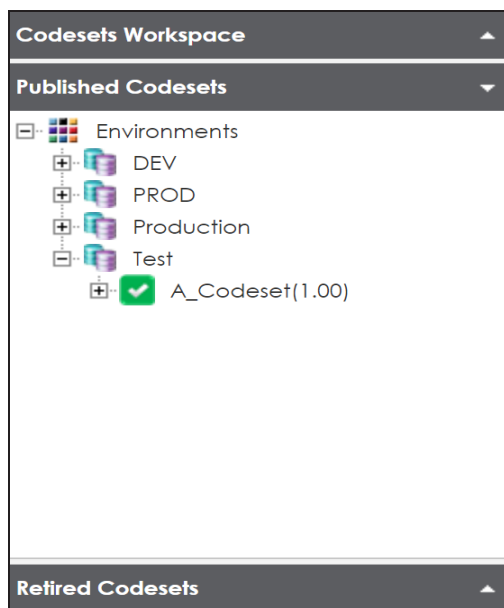
Field Name	Description
Codeset Name	Specifies the name of the codeset which is being published. For example, Country Codes. It autopopulates with the codeset name and cannot be edited.
Codeset Version	Specifies the new version of the codeset. For example, 1.03. It autopopulates with the new version and cannot be edited.
Codeset Version Label	Specifies the version label of the codeset. For example, Beta.
Codeset Changed Description	Specifies the description about the changes in the codeset. For example: Code Value for CANADA was changed to

## Publishing Codesets

Field Name	Description
	CAN.
Publish Environment	Specifies the publish environment to which the codeset is being published. For example, Production.

5. Click .

The codeset is published successfully and the published codesets move under Published Codesets pane.



Once the source and target codesets are published, you can [create code mappings](#).



You can create code mappings without publishing source or target codesets, but it is recommended that you create code mappings after publishing the codesets.

# Maintaining Code Mappings

The Codeset Mappings section in Codeset Manager allows you to define and categorize code mappings. The process is standardized with ability to version and publish code mappings to various environments. Further, these published code mappings can be associated with data item mappings in the Mapping Manager.

Maintaining Code Mapping involves:

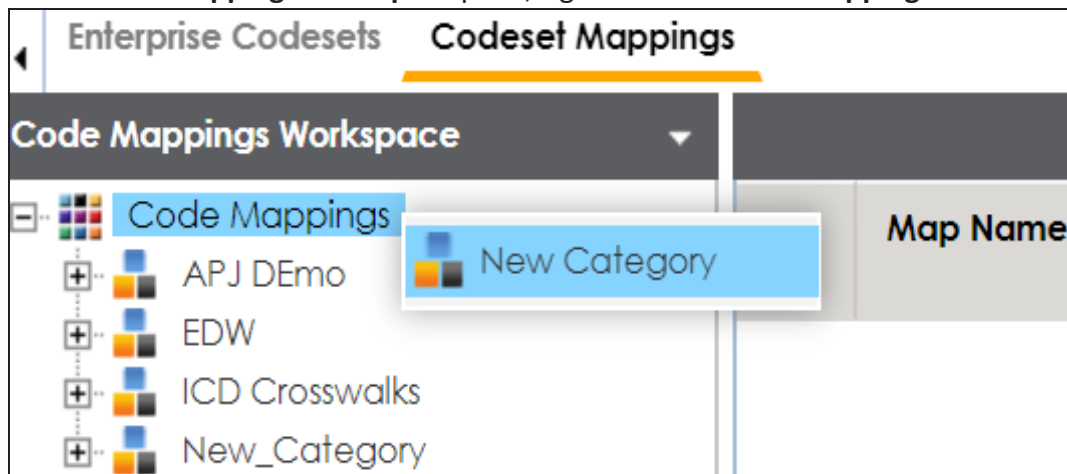
- [Creating Categories](#)
- [Creating code maps](#)
- [Versioning codemaps](#)
- [Publishing and association codemaps](#)

# Creating Categories

Code maps are stored in a hierarchical manner Categories > Mappings. You can also create sub-categories under a category to provide one more level of categorization to mappings.

To create a category, follow these steps:

1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Codeset Manager > Codeset Mappings**.
2. In the **Code Mappings Workspace** pane, right-click the **Code Mappings** node.



3. Click **New Category**.

The New Category page appears.

A screenshot of the 'New Category' form. The form has a title bar with 'New Category' and standard window controls. It contains two input fields: 'Category Name \*:' with a red asterisk indicating a required field, and 'Category Desc :'. There are also icons for saving and closing the form.

4. Enter **Category Name** and **Category Description**.

For example:

## Creating Categories

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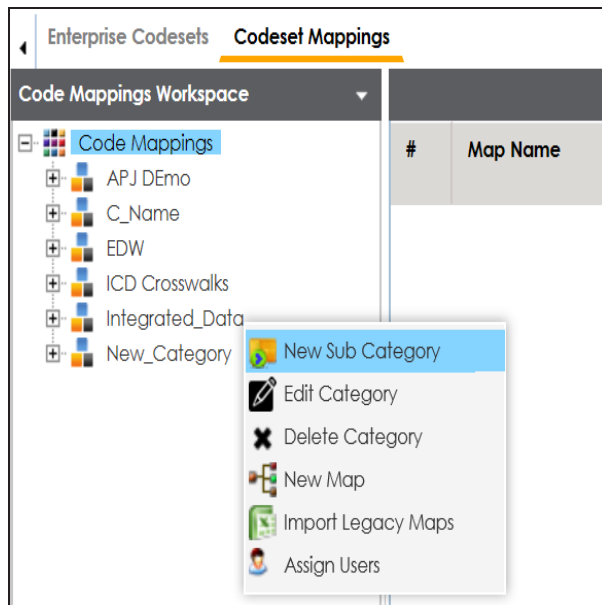
- **Category Name:** EDW
- **Category Description:** This category contains two code mappings, Gender Crosswalk and Marital Status Crosswalk.

5. Click .

A new category is created and saved under the category tree.

To create sub-categories under a category, follow these steps:

1. Under the **Code Mappings Workspace** pane, right-click the required category.



2. Click **New Sub Category**.

The New Category page appears.



## Creating Categories

---

The screenshot shows a 'New Category' dialog box. It contains two text input fields. The first is labeled 'Category Name \*' with a red asterisk indicating it is required. The second is labeled 'Category Desc :'. To the right of these fields are two icons: a floppy disk icon for saving and a square icon with an 'X' for canceling. The dialog box has a title bar with the text 'New Category' and standard window control buttons (minimize, maximize, close).

3. Enter **Category Name** and **Category Description**.

For example:

- **Category Name:** EDW-Finance
- **Category Description:** This sub-category contains two code mappings, Gender Crosswalk and Marital Status Crosswalk.

4. Click .

A new sub-category is created and saved under the sub-category tree.

Once a category is created, you can:

- [Creating code crosswalks for mappings](#)
- [Versioning code maps](#)
- [Associating code maps with data item mappings](#)

You can also manage it using the options available on the right-clicking category. [Managing categories](#) involves:

- Updating categories
- Deleting categories
- Importing legacy maps
- Assigning users

# Managing Categories

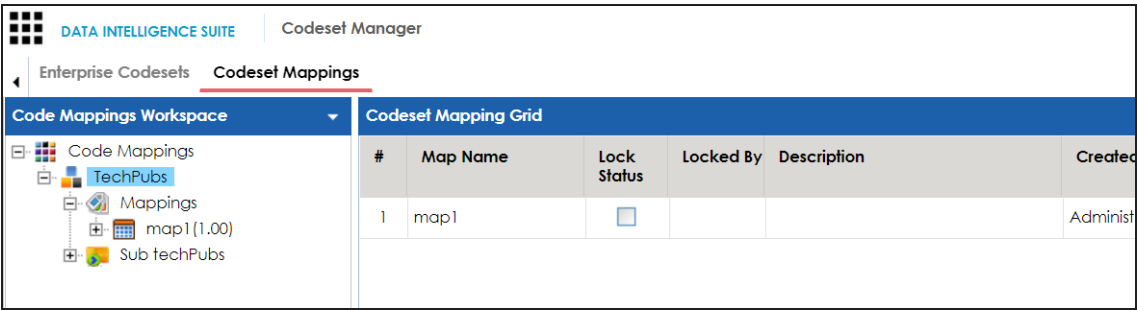
Managing categories involves:

- Updating categories
- Deleting categories
- Importing legacy maps
- Assigning users

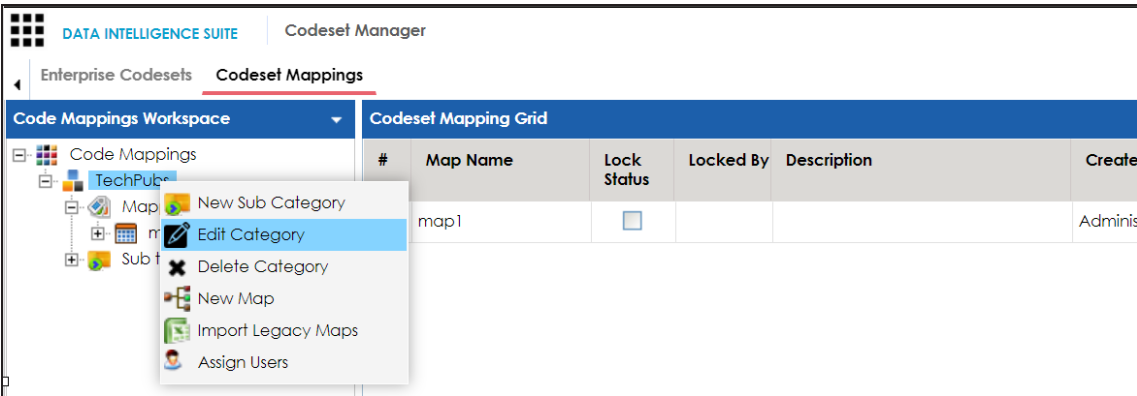
To manage categories, follow these steps:

1. In the **Codesets Mappings** pane, click a category.

The Category Mapping Grid appears.



2. Right-click a category.



3. Use the following options:

## Edit Category

## Managing Categories

---

Use this option to update the category's details.

### **Delete Category**

Use this option to delete a category. Deleting a category also deletes the maps in it.

### **Import Legacy Maps**

Use this option to import old maps to the catalog.

### **Assign Users**

Use this option to assign users to a category based on your organization's projects, departments, functions, and so on.

### Creating Code Crosswalks (Mappings)

You can create code crosswalks (mappings) for the source and target codesets in the Code-set Manager. These codesets can have the same or different code values. Using the Auto-Map functionality, you can map source and target codesets with:

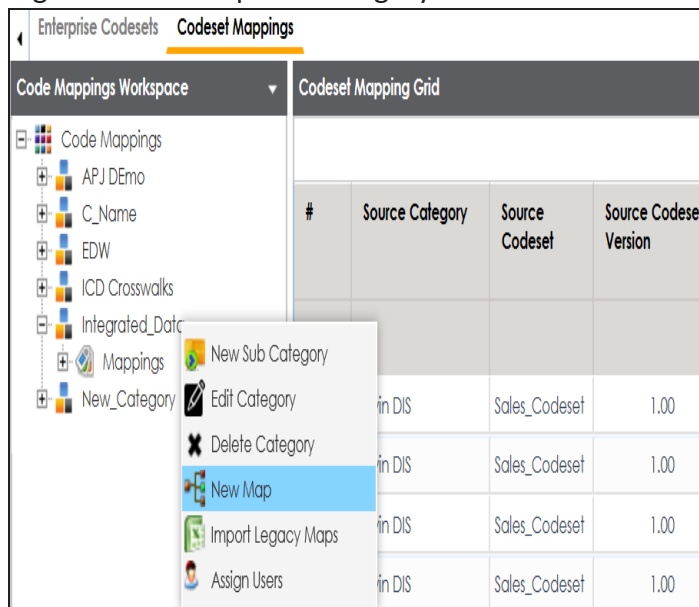
- Same code values
- Different code values

### Creating Code Crosswalks - Source and Target Codesets with Same Code Value

You can use Auto-Map functionality to map source and target codesets having same code values.

To create code mappings when source and target codesets have same code values, follow these steps:

1. Right-click the required category.



2. Click **New Map**.

## Creating Code Crosswalks (Mappings)

The New Codeset Map page appears.

3. Enter the **Codeset Map Name** and **Codeset Map Description**.

For example:

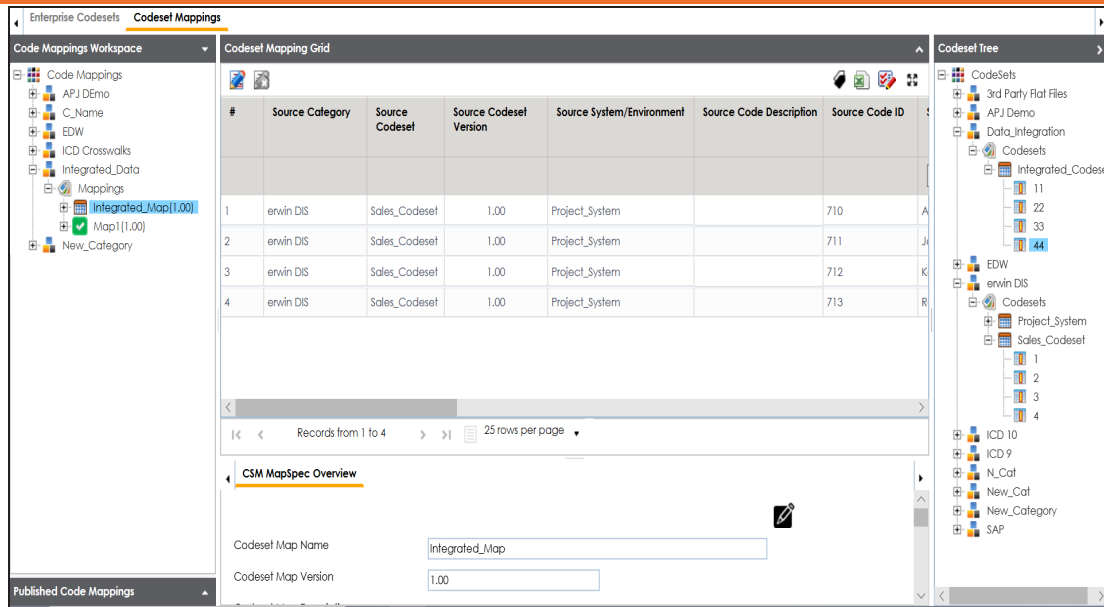
- **Codeset Map Name:** Gender Crosswalk
- **Codeset Map Description:** The codeset map is the code mappings between the two codesets, Misc Gender Codes and Gender.

4. Select the **Source Codeset/System** and **Target Codeset/System**.

5. Select the Auto Map check box and click .

A new code mapping is created and source and target codesets are mapped in the Codeset Mapping Grid.

## Creating Code Crosswalks (Mappings)



#	Source Category	Source Codeset	Source Codeset Version	Source System/Environment	Source Code Description	Source Code ID
1	erwin DIS	Sales_Codeset	1.00	Project_System		710
2	erwin DIS	Sales_Codeset	1.00	Project_System		711
3	erwin DIS	Sales_Codeset	1.00	Project_System		712
4	erwin DIS	Sales_Codeset	1.00	Project_System		713

Records from 1 to 4 | 25 rows per page

**CSM MapSpec Overview**

Codeset Map Name: Integrated\_Map

Codeset Map Version: 1.00

6. Click  to validate the code mapping.

## Creating Code Crosswalks - Source and Target Codesets with Different Code Value

Codesets having different code values can be mapped using the drag and drop method.

To create code mappings when source codesets and target codesets have different code values, follow these steps:

## Creating Code Crosswalks (Mappings)

1. Right-click the category.

The screenshot shows the 'Enterprise Codesets' application with the 'Codeset Mappings' tab selected. On the left, the 'Code Mappings Workspace' tree shows a hierarchy where 'Code Mappings' is expanded, and 'New Map' is highlighted in the context menu. The right pane, 'Codeset Mapping Grid', displays a table with the following data:

#	Source Category	Source Codeset	Source Codeset Version
	in DIS	Sales_Codeset	1.00
	in DIS	Sales_Codeset	1.00
	in DIS	Sales_Codeset	1.00
	in DIS	Sales_Codeset	1.00

2. Click **New Map**.

The New Codeset Map page appears.

## Creating Code Crosswalks (Mappings)

### 3. Enter the **Codeset Map Name** and **Codeset Map Description**.

For example:

- **Codeset Map Name:** Gender Crosswalk
- **Codeset Map Description:** The codeset map is the code mappings between the two codesets, Misc Gender Codes and Gender.

### 4. Select the Source Codeset/System.

### 5. Click .

The source codesets details are updated in the Codeset Mapping Grid.



## Creating Code Crosswalks (Mappings)


The screenshot shows the Enterprise CodeSets application interface. The main window is titled 'Codeset Mappings' and contains a 'Codeset Mapping Grid' with the following data:

#	Source Category	Source Codeset	Source Codeset Version	Source System/Environment	Source Code Description	Source Code ID
1	erwin DIS	Sales_Codeset	1.00	Project_System		710
2	erwin DIS	Sales_Codeset	1.00	Project_System		711
3	erwin DIS	Sales_Codeset	1.00	Project_System		712
4	erwin DIS	Sales_Codeset	1.00	Project_System		713

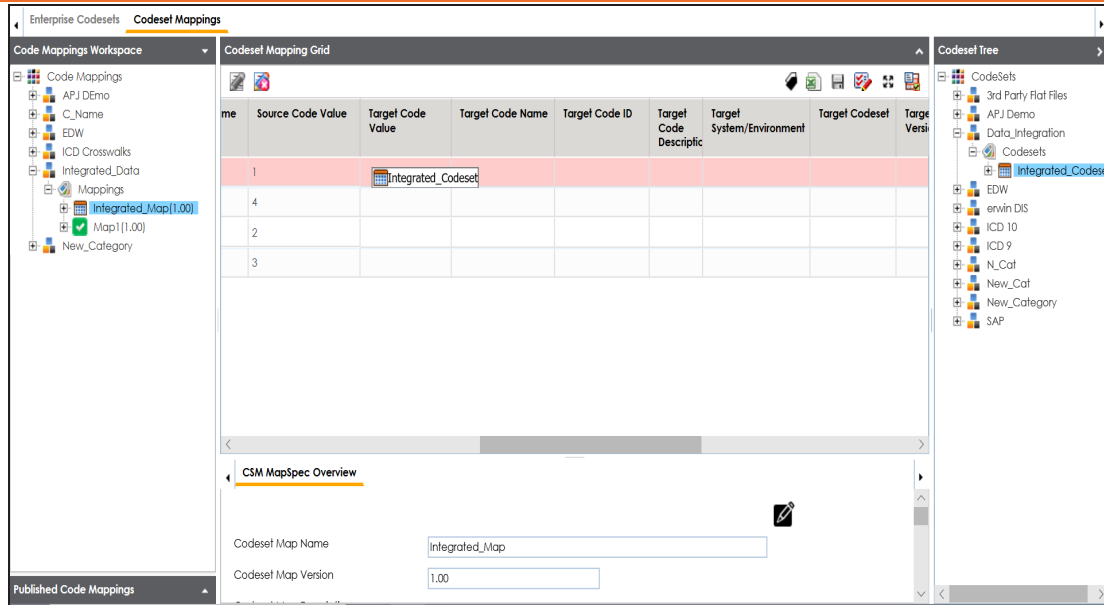
Below the grid is a 'CSM MapSpec Overview' section with the following details:

- Codeset Map Name: Integrated\_Map
- Codeset Map Version: 1.00

The 'Codeset Tree' on the right side of the interface shows a hierarchical view of the code sets, including 'Integrated\_Codeset' and 'Sales\_Codeset'.

6. Click .
7. Scroll to right of the Codeset Mapping Grid to see the Target Code Value column.
8. In **Codeset Tree**, expand the target category and the Codesets node.
9. Drag and drop the target codeset into the Code Set Mapping Grid under the Target Code Value column.

## Creating Code Crosswalks (Mappings)



10. Click .

The code mappings are successfully saved.

11. Click  to validate the code mapping.

The code map is validated. Ensure that all the required codes are mapped.

Use the following options:

### Export

To download the code map details in .xlsx format, click .

### Extend Mapping Grid

To extend the Codeset Mapping Grid, click .

Once the code map is created, you can:

- [Edit Code Mappings](#)
- [Create new version of the code map](#)
- [Publish and associate the code map with data item mappings](#)

# Editing Code Mappings

You can update source codesets and target codesets in the Codeset Mapping Grid.

To update source codesets, follow these steps:

1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Codeset Manager > Codeset Mappings**.
2. In the **Code Mappings Workspace** pane, expand a category and click a codemap.

The Codeset Mapping Grid and CSMMMapSpec Overview pane appears.

The screenshot shows the 'Codeset Mappings' interface. On the left is the 'Code Mappings Workspace' pane with a tree view containing 'Code Mappings', 'APJ Demo', 'C\_Name', 'EDW', 'ICD Crosswalks', 'Integrated\_Data', 'Mappings', 'Integrated\_Map(1.00)', 'Map1(1.00)', and 'New\_Category'. The 'Integrated\_Map(1.00)' is selected. The main area is divided into two panes. The top pane is the 'Codeset Mapping Grid', which contains a table with the following data:

#	Source Category	Source Codeset	Source Codeset Version	Source System/Environment	Source Code Description	Source Code ID	
1	erwin DIS	Sales_Codeset	1.00	Project_System		710	Ac
2	erwin DIS	Sales_Codeset	1.00	Project_System		711	Ja
3	erwin DIS	Sales_Codeset	1.00	Project_System		712	Kc
4	erwin DIS	Sales_Codeset	1.00	Project_System		713	Re


Below the table is a pagination bar showing 'Records from 1 to 4' and '25 rows per page'. The bottom pane is the 'CSM MapSpec Overview' pane, which contains the following fields:


- Codeset Map Name: Integrated\_Map
- Codeset Map Version: 1.00
- Codeset Map Description: Code map when source and target have different code values.

On the right side of the interface is the 'Codeset Tree' pane, which shows a list of codesets: '3rd Party Flat Files', 'APJ Demo', 'Data Integration', 'EDW', 'erwin DIS', 'ICD 10', 'ICD 9', 'N\_Cat', 'New\_Cat', 'New\_Category', and 'SAP'.

3. In **CSM Mapping Overview** pane, click .

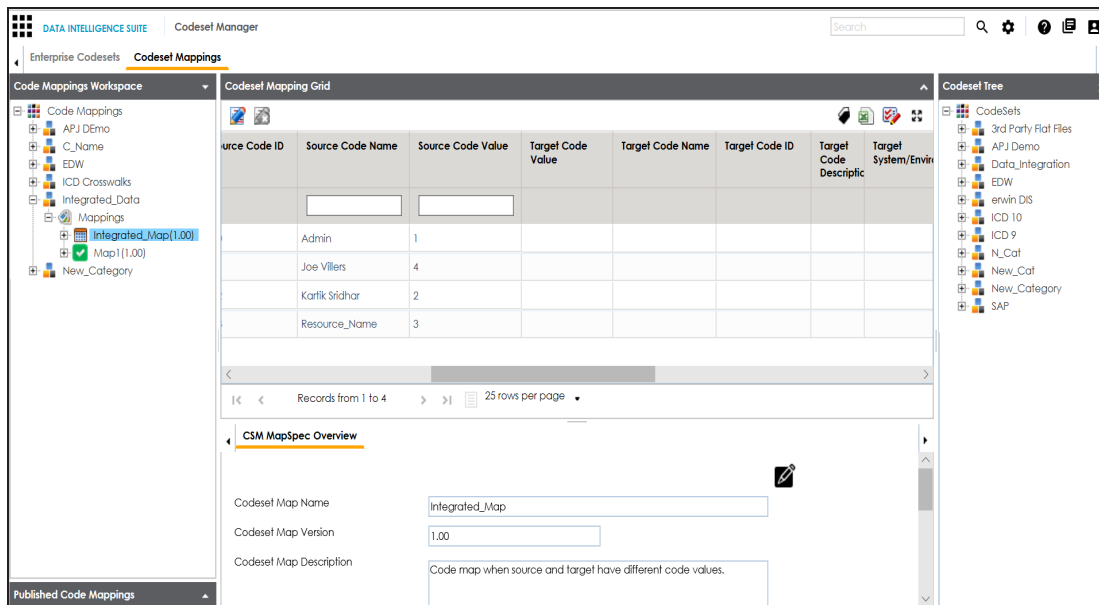
You can update Codeset Map Name and Codeset Map Description.

 You cannot edit Codeset Map Version.

4. Select a new Source Codeset and Source System/Environment.
5. Select a Target Codeset and Target System/Environment.
6. Click .

## Editing Code Mappings

The Codeset Mapping Grid is updated with the new source codeset. But, the target codeset doesn't update in the Codeset Mapping Grid. You need to drag and drop target codeset from the Codeset Tree to Codeset Mapping Grid.




To update target codeset in the Codeset Mapping Grid, follow these steps:

1. In the Codeset Mapping Grid, click .




The Codeset is locked and other users cannot make changes.

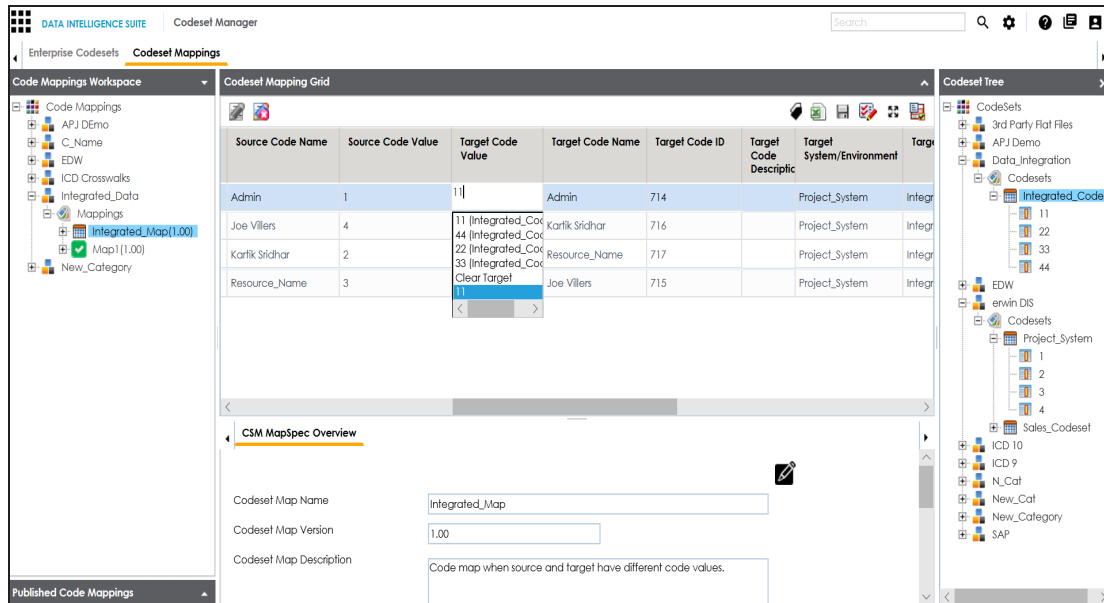
2. In the Codeset Tree, expand the target category and the **Codesets** node.
3. Drag and drop the target codeset into the Code Set Mapping Grid under the Target Code Value column.
4. Click .

The target codeset is updated in the Codeset Mapping Grid.

To update target code values in the Codeset Mapping Grid, follow these steps:

## Editing Code Mappings

1. In the Codeset Mapping Grid, click  .
2. Double-click a cell under the Target Code Value column and update it with the one of the options available.



The screenshot displays the 'Codeset Manager' application window. The 'Codeset Mapping Grid' is the central focus, showing a table of mappings. The 'Target Code Value' column for the 'Admin' row is being edited, with a dropdown menu open showing options like '11 [Integrated\_Cod', '44 [Integrated\_Cod', '22 [Integrated\_Cod', '33 [Integrated\_Cod', and 'Clear Target'. Below the grid, the 'CSM MapSpec Overview' section shows fields for 'Codeset Map Name' (Integrated\_Map), 'Codeset Map Version' (1.00), and 'Codeset Map Description' (Code map when source and target have different code values.). The 'Code Mappings Workspace' on the left shows a tree view with 'Integrated\_Map(1.00)' selected. The 'Codeset Tree' on the right shows a hierarchy of codesets, including 'Integrated\_Codes'.

Source Code Name	Source Code Value	Target Code Value	Target Code Name	Target Code ID	Target Code Descrip	Target System/Environment	Target
Admin	1	11	Admin	714		Project_System	Integr
Joe Villers	4	11 [Integrated_Cod	Karlik Sridhar	716		Project_System	Integr
Karlik Sridhar	2	22 [Integrated_Cod	Resource_Name	717		Project_System	Integr
Resource_Name	3	33 [Integrated_Cod	Joe Villers	715		Project_System	Integr

3. Click .

The target code values are updated.

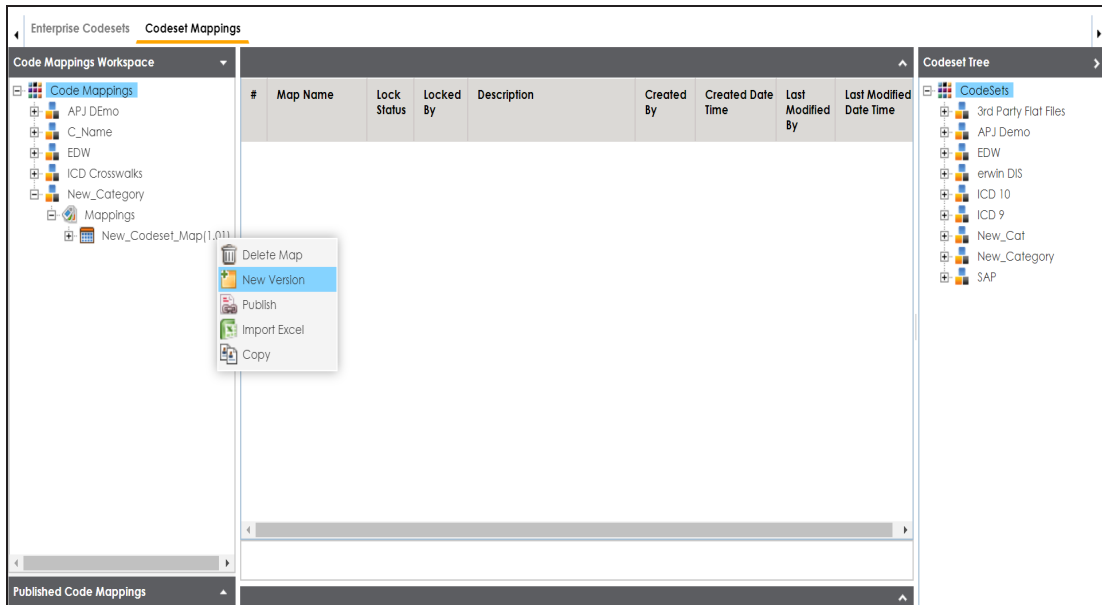
# Versioning Code Mappings

You can create versions of code mappings and track legacy of a code map.

The new version is available in the Code Mappings Workspace under the Mappings tree.

To create new versions of code mappings, follow these steps:

1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Codeset Manager > Codeset Mappings**.
2. In the **Code Mappings Workspace** pane, right-click a codeset map.



3. Click **New Version**.
4. The New Codeset Map Version page appears.

## Versioning Code Mappings

The screenshot shows a window titled "New Codeset Map Version". It contains the following fields:

- Codeset Map Name\***: A text box containing "New\_Codeset\_Map".
- Codeset Map Version**: A text box containing "1.02".
- Codeset Map Description**: A large empty text area.
- Map Version Label**: A text box.
- Map Changed Description\***: A large empty text area.

5. Enter appropriate values in the fields. Fields marked with a red asterisk are mandatory. Refer to the following table for field descriptions.

Field Name	Description
Codeset Map Name	Specifies the name of the codeset map. For example, Gender Crosswalk.
Codeset Map Version	Specifies the new version of the codeset map. For example, 1.02.
Codeset Map Description	Specifies the description about the codeset map. For example: The codeset map is the code mappings between the two codesets, Misc Gender Codes and Gender.
Map Version Label	Specifies the version label of the codeset map. For example, Beta.

6. Click .

The new version is created and saved in the Mappings tree while the older version is archived.

## Associating Code Maps with Data Item Mappings

A code map can be associated with a data item mapping to standardize data across the organization. These code maps are maintained in Codesets Manager. For more information on codesets and code mappings, refer to the [Codeset Manager](#) section.

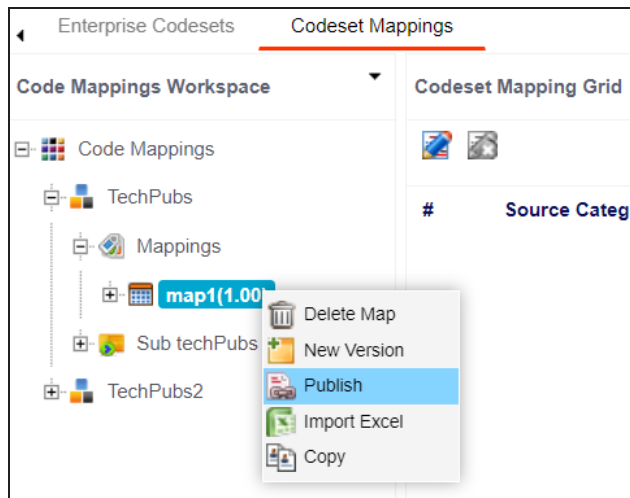
Before associating a code map with data item mappings, ensure that you publish the code map.

### Publishing Code Maps

To publish code maps, follow these steps:

1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Codeset Manager > Codeset Mappings**.
2. In the **Code Mappings Workspace** pane, right-click a code map.

The available options appear.

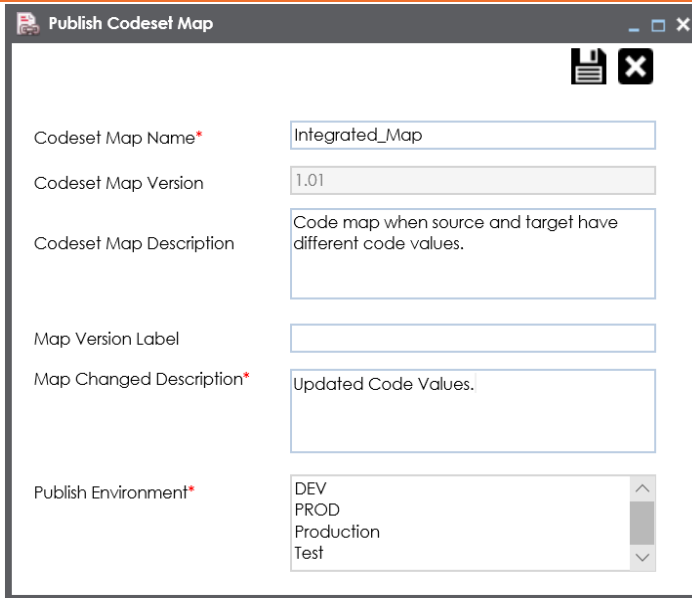


3. Click **Publish**.

The Publish Codeset Map page appears.



## Associating Code Maps with Data Item Mappings



**Publish Codeset Map**

Codeset Map Name\* Integrated\_Map

Codeset Map Version 1.01

Codeset Map Description Code map when source and target have different code values.

Map Version Label

Map Changed Description\* Updated Code Values.

Publish Environment\* DEV  
PROD  
Production  
Test

4. Enter appropriate values in the fields. Fields marked with a red asterisk are mandatory. Refer to the following table for field descriptions.

Field Name	Description
Codeset Map Name	Specifies the name of the code map. For example, Gender Crosswalk.
Codeset Map Version	Specifies the new version of the code map. For example, 1.02.
Codeset Map Description	Specifies the description about the code map. For example: The codeset map is the code mappings between the two codesets, Misc Gender Codes and Gender.
Map Version Label	Specifies the version label of the code map. For example, Beta.
Map Changed Description	Specifies the description about the changes made in the code map. For example: Code values were updated.
Publish Environment	Specifies the environment where the code map is being published.

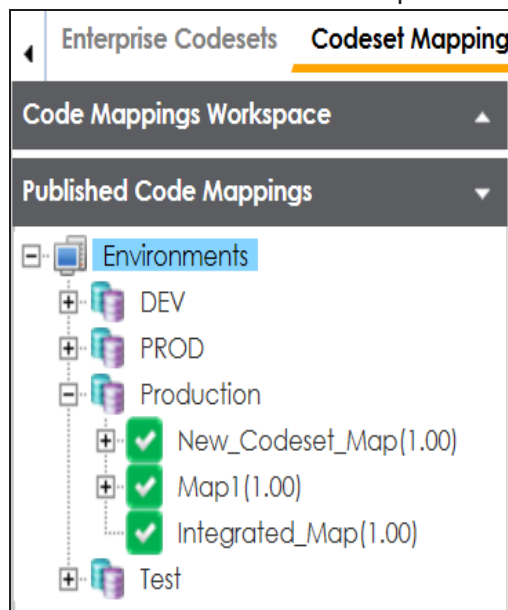
## Associating Code Maps with Data Item Mappings

Field Name	Description
	For example, test. You can create publish environments in Enterprise Codesets. For more information on creating publish environments, refer to the <a href="#">Publishing Codesets</a> topic.

5. Click .

The code map is published and it can be found in the Published Code Mappings pane under the selected Publish Environment.

A new version of the code map is created under the Mappings tree.



A published code map can be associated with a mapping in the Mapping Manager. The published code map is available under the Code Mappings Catalog.

## Associating Code Maps

To associate published code maps with data item mappings, follow these steps:

1. Go to **Application Menu > Data Catalog > Mapping Manager**.
2. In the **Workspace Mappings** pane, click the required map.

# Associating Code Maps with Data Item Mappings

The Mapping Specification grid appears.

Workspace Mappings

Project (4)

Transformations

Test Cases

Mappings

Data Integration (v1.00)

MappingTargets

DragDrop (v1.00)

SalesforceIntegration (v1.00)

TechPubs (v1.00)

project 1 (4)

Project Tech Pubs (8)

Tech Pubs Online (6)

TechPubs (6)

Mapping Specification

Graphical Designer

Test Specification

Workflow Log

[Data Integration]

Profiles:

#	Target System Name	Target Environment Name	Target Table Name	Target Column Name	Target Column Data Type	Target Column Length
1	SQLTechPubs	SQLTechPubs	dbo.Customers	CustomerID	nchar	5
2	SQLTechPubs	SQLTechPubs	dbo.Customers	CompanyName	nvarchar	40
3	SQLTechPubs	SQLTechPubs	dbo.Customers	ContactName	nvarchar	30
4	SQLTechPubs	SQLTechPubs	dbo.Customers	ContactTitle	nvarchar	30
5	SQLTechPubs	SQLTechPubs	dbo.Customers	Address	nvarchar	60

3. Click .



















4. In the **Mapping Specification** grid, right-click the header menu.

er

Test Specification

Workflow Log

Profiles: Mapping\_Designer\_Profil



Target Table	Target Column Name	Target Column Data Type	Target Column Length	Target Column Precision	Target Column Scale	Target Column Nullable Flag
customers	PostalCode	nvarchar	10	0		
customers	City	nvarchar	15	0	0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Target Table Alias

Target Column Class

Target Column Alias

Target Business Key Flag

CSM Mapping

Specification Artifacts

Reference Table

Business Rule

Metadata Catalog

Metadata Combo C

Metadata

Systems

Search

erwin DI Suite

erwin DM

5. Select the **CSM Mapping** check box.

The CSM Mapping Column appears in the Mapping Specification grid.

6. In the right pane, expand **Code Mapping Catalog**.

7. Drag the code map into the **Mapping Specification** grid and drop it under the **CSM Mapping** column for the required row.

## Associating Code Maps with Data Item Mappings

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8. Click .

The code map is associated with the data item mappings.